

RING1 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21001c

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession Q06587

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB51604Calculated MW42429

Additional Information

Gene ID 6015

Other Names E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase RING1, 632-, Polycomb complex protein RING1,

RING finger protein 1, Really interesting new gene 1 protein, RING1, RNF1

Target/Specificity This RING1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 279-313 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human RING1.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions RING1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name RING1 (HGNC:10018)

Function Constitutes one of the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligases that mediate

monoubiquitination of 'Lys-119' of histone H2A, thereby playing a central role in histone code and gene regulation. H2A 'Lys-119' ubiquitination gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression and participates in X chromosome inactivation of female mammals. Essential component of a

Polycomb group (PcG) multiprotein PRC1-like complex, a complex class required to maintain the transcriptionally repressive state of many genes, including Hox genes, throughout development. PcG PRC1 complex acts via chromatin remodeling and modification of histones, rendering chromatin heritably changed in its expressibility. Compared to RNF2/RING2, it does not have the main E3 ubiquitin ligase activity on histone H2A, and it may rather act as a modulator of RNF2/RING2 activity.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus speckle

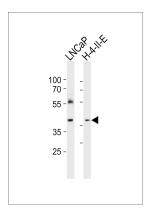
Background

Constitutes one of the E3 ubiquitin-protein ligases that mediate monoubiquitination of 'Lys-119' of histone H2A, thereby playing a central role in histone code and gene regulation. H2A 'Lys-119' ubiquitination gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional repression and participates in X chromosome inactivation of female mammals. Essential component of a Polycomb group (PcG) multiprotein PRC1-like complex, a complex class required to maintain the transcriptionally repressive state of many genes, including Hox genes, throughout development. PcG PRC1 complex acts via chromatin remodeling and modification of histones, rendering chromatin heritably changed in its expressibility. Compared to RNF2/RING2, it does not have the main E3 ubiquitin ligase activity on histone H2A, and it may rather act as a modulator of RNF2/RING2 activity.

References

Lovering R., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:2112-2116(1993). Kalnine N., et al. Submitted (MAY-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Mungall A.J., et al. Nature 425:805-811(2003). Satijn D.P.E., et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 17:4105-4113(1997).

Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from LNCaP, rat H-4-II-E cell line (from left to right), using RING1 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP21001c). AP21001c was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20ug per lane.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.