

SOX2 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21034a

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession P48431

Reactivity Human, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB51412Calculated MW34310

Additional Information

Gene ID 6657

Other Names Transcription factor SOX-2, SOX2

Target/Specificity This SOX2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 282-316 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human SOX2.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions SOX2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name SOX2

Function Transcription factor that forms a trimeric complex with OCT4 on DNA and

controls the expression of a number of genes involved in embryonic development such as YES1, FGF4, UTF1 and ZFP206 (By similarity). Binds to the proximal enhancer region of NANOG (By similarity). Critical for early

embryogenesis and for embryonic stem cell pluripotency

(PubMed: 18035408). Downstream SRRT target that mediates the promotion of

neural stem cell self-renewal (By similarity). Keeps neural cells undifferentiated by counteracting the activity of proneural proteins and suppresses neuronal differentiation (By similarity). May function as a switch in neuronal development (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q05066}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q05738}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q05738}. Note=Acetylation contributes to its nuclear localization and deacetylation by HDAC3 induces a cytoplasmic delocalization (By similarity). Colocalizes in the nucleus with ZNF208 isoform KRAB-O and tyrosine hydroxylase (TH) (By similarity) Colocalizes with SOX6 in speckles. Colocalizes with CAML in the nucleus (By similarity). Nuclear import is facilitated by XPO4, a protein that usually acts as a nuclear export signal receptor (By similarity) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q05066, ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q05738}

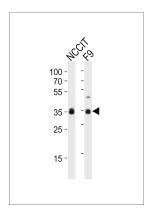
Background

Transcription factor that forms a trimeric complex with OCT4 on DNA and controls the expression of a number of genes involved in embryonic development such as YES1, FGF4, UTF1 and ZFP206 (By similarity). Critical for early embryogenesis and for embryonic stem cell pluripotency. May function as a switch in neuronal development. Downstream SRRT target that mediates the promotion of neural stem cell self-renewal (By similarity). Keeps neural cells undifferentiated by counteracting the activity of proneural proteins and suppresses neuronal differentiation (By similarity).

References

Stevanovic M., et al. Mamm. Genome 5:640-642(1994).
Sadler L.A., et al. Submitted (DEC-1992) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Fantes J., et al. Nat. Genet. 33:461-463(2003).
Takahashi K., et al. Cell 131:861-872(2007).
Rigbolt K.T., et al. Sci. Signal. 4:RS3-RS3(2011).

Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from NCCIT, mouse F9 cell line (from left to right), using SOX2 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP21034a). AP21034a was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 20ug per lane.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.