

FGF2 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21239a

Product Information

Primary AccessionP09038ReactivityHuman, Rat, Mouse
Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB52659
Calculated MW 30770

Additional Information

Gene ID	2247
Other Names	Fibroblast growth factor 2, FGF-2, Basic fibroblast growth factor, bFGF, Heparin-binding growth factor 2, HBGF-2, FGF2, FGFB
Target/Specificity	This FGF2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a recombinant protein.
Dilution	WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	FGF2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	FGF2
Synonyms	FGFB
Function	Acts as a ligand for FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed: <u>8663044</u>). Also acts as an integrin ligand which is required for FGF2 signaling (PubMed: <u>28302677</u>). Binds to integrin ITGAV:ITGB3 (PubMed: <u>28302677</u>). Plays an important role in the regulation of cell survival, cell division, cell

	differentiation and cell migration (PubMed: <u>28302677</u> , PubMed: <u>8663044</u>). Functions as a potent mitogen in vitro (PubMed: <u>1721615</u> , PubMed: <u>3732516</u> , PubMed: <u>3964259</u>). Can induce angiogenesis (PubMed: <u>23469107</u> , PubMed: <u>28302677</u>). Mediates phosphorylation of ERK1/2 and thereby promotes retinal lens fiber differentiation (PubMed: <u>29501879</u>).
Cellular Location	Secreted. Nucleus. Note=Exported from cells by an endoplasmic reticulum (ER)/Golgi-independent mechanism. Unconventional secretion of FGF2 occurs by direct translocation across the plasma membrane (PubMed:20230531). Binding of exogenous FGF2 to FGFR facilitates endocytosis followed by translocation of FGF2 across endosomal membrane into the cytosol (PubMed:22321063). Nuclear import from the cytosol requires the classical nuclear import machinery, involving proteins KPNA1 and KPNB1, as well as CEP57 (PubMed:22321063)
Tissue Location	Expressed in granulosa and cumulus cells. Expressed in hepatocellular carcinoma cells, but not in non-cancerous liver tissue.

Background

Plays an important role in the regulation of cell survival, cell division, angiogenesis, cell differentiation and cell migration. Functions as potent mitogen in vitro.

References

Abraham J.A., et al.Cold Spring Harb. Symp. Quant. Biol. 51:657-668(1986). Abraham J.A., et al.EMBO J. 5:2523-2528(1986). Prats H., et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:1836-1840(1989). Goshima N., et al.Nat. Methods 5:1011-1017(2008). Hillier L.W., et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005).

Images



Anti-FGF2 Antibodyat 1:2000 dilution + A549 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 31 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Anti-FGF2 Antibodyat 1:2000 dilution + K562 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 31 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



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