

# **GNA11 Antibody (Center)**

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21291c

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IF, E **Primary Accession** P29992

**Reactivity** Human, Rat, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB52469
Calculated MW 42123

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2767

Other Names Guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunit alpha-11, G alpha-11, G-protein

subunit alpha-11, Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(y) subunit alpha,

GNA11, GA11

**Target/Specificity** This GNA11 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 115-146 amino acids from the Central

region of human GNA11.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IF~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity

purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** GNA11 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name GNA11

Synonyms GA11

**Function** Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) function as transducers

downstream of G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs) in numerous signaling

cascades (PubMed:31073061). The alpha chain contains the guanine nucleotide binding site and alternates between an active, GTP-bound state and an inactive, GDP-bound state (PubMed:31073061). Signaling by an activated GPCR promotes GDP release and GTP binding (PubMed:31073061). The alpha subunit has a low GTPase activity that converts bound GTP to GDP, thereby terminating the signal (PubMed:31073061). Both GDP release and GTP hydrolysis are modulated by numerous regulatory proteins (PubMed:31073061). Signaling is mediated via phospholipase C-beta-dependent inositol lipid hydrolysis for signal propagation: activates phospholipase C-beta: following GPCR activation, GNA11 activates PLC-beta (PLCB1, PLCB2, PLCB3 or PLCB4), leading to production of diacylglycerol (DAG) and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) (PubMed:31073061). Transduces FFAR4 signaling in response to long-chain fatty acids (LCFAs) (PubMed: 27852822). Together with GNAQ, required for heart development (By similarity). In the respiratory epithelium, transmits OXGR1-dependent signals that lead to downstream intracellular Ca(2+) release and mucocilliary clearance of airborne pathogens.

**Cellular Location** 

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor. Cytoplasm. Note=In testicular cells, expressed

exclusively in the cytoplasm.

**Tissue Location** 

Expressed in testis..

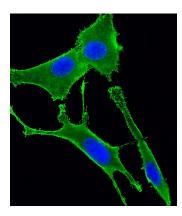
# **Background**

Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as modulators or transducers in various transmembrane signaling systems. Acts as an activator of phospholipase C.

### References

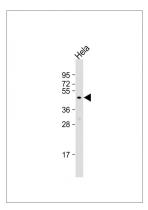
Jiang M., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 88:3907-3911(1991). Bai X.H., et al. Submitted (JUL-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Puhl H.L. III, et al. Submitted (MAR-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ebert L., et al. Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Grimwood J., et al. Nature 428:529-535(2004).

## **Images**



Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized NIH/3T3 (mouse embryonic fibroblast cell line) cells labeling GNA11 with AP21291c at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (NK179883) secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing cytoplasm and membrane staining on NIH/3T3 cell line. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).

All lanes: Anti-GNA11 Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted



band size : 42 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.