

BMP2 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21447a

Product Information

Primary AccessionP12643ReactivityHuman, Rat, MouseHostRabbitClonalitypolyclonal
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
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Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB52296
Calculated MW 44702

Additional Information

Gene ID	650
Other Names	Bone morphogenetic protein 2, BMP-2, Bone morphogenetic protein 2A, BMP-2A, BMP2, BMP2A
Target/Specificity	This BMP2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a recombinant protein of human BMP2.
Dilution	WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	BMP2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	BMP2
Synonyms	BMP2A
Function	Growth factor of the TGF-beta superfamily that plays essential roles in many developmental processes, including cardiogenesis, neurogenesis, and osteogenesis (PubMed: <u>18436533</u> , PubMed: <u>24362451</u> , PubMed: <u>31019025</u>). Induces cartilage and bone formation (PubMed: <u>3201241</u>). Initiates the

	canonical BMP signaling cascade by associating with type I receptor BMPR1A and type II receptor BMPR2 (PubMed: <u>15064755</u> , PubMed: <u>17295905</u> , PubMed: <u>18436533</u>). Once all three components are bound together in a complex at the cell surface, BMPR2 phosphorylates and activates BMPR1A (PubMed: <u>7791754</u>). In turn, BMPR1A propagates signal by phosphorylating SMAD1/5/8 that travel to the nucleus and act as activators and repressors of transcription of target genes. Also acts to promote expression of HAMP, via the interaction with its receptor BMPR1A/ALK3 (PubMed: <u>31800957</u>). Can also signal through non-canonical pathways such as ERK/MAP kinase signaling cascade that regulates osteoblast differentiation (PubMed: <u>16771708</u> , PubMed: <u>20851880</u>). Also stimulates the differentiation of myoblasts into osteoblasts via the EIF2AK3-EIF2A-ATF4 pathway by stimulating EIF2A phosphorylation which leads to increased expression of ATF4 which plays a central role in osteoblast differentiation (PubMed: <u>24362451</u>). Acts as a positive regulator of odontoblast differentiation during mesenchymal tooth germ formation, expression is repressed during the bell stage by MSX1-mediated inhibition of CTNNB1 signaling (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Secreted.
Tissue Location	Particularly abundant in lung, spleen and colon and in low but significant levels in heart, brain, placenta, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, prostate, ovary and small intestine

Background

Induces cartilage and bone formation.

References

Wozney J.M., et al. Science 242:1528-1534(1988). Shore E.M., et al. Submitted (DEC-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Deloukas P., et al. Nature 414:865-871(2001). Yeung B., et al. Anal. Chem. 69:2510-2516(1997). Yanagita M., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 316:490-500(2004).

Images



All lanes : Anti-BMP2 Antibody at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: rat kidney lysates Lane 2: THP-1 whole cell lysates Lane 3: Hela whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 45 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.