

(Mouse) Trrap Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21554b

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession Q80YV3

Reactivity Human, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalitypolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB51498Calculated MW291557

Additional Information

Other Names Transformation/transcription domain-associated protein, Tra1 homolog,

Trrap

Target/SpecificityThis mouse Trrap antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 1703-1737 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of mouse Trrap.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions (Mouse) Trrap Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name Trrap

Function Adapter protein, which is found in various multiprotein chromatin

complexes with histone acetyltransferase activity (HAT), which gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation. Component of the NuA4 histone acetyltransferase complex which is responsible for acetylation of nucleosomal histones H4 and H2A. Plays a central role in MYC transcription activation, and also participates in cell transformation by MYC. Required for p53/TP53-, E2F1-and E2F4- mediated transcription activation. Probably acts by linking

transcription factors such as E1A, MYC or E2F1 to HAT complexes such as STAGA thereby allowing transcription activation. Probably not required in the steps following histone acetylation in processes of transcription activation. May be required for the mitotic checkpoint and normal cell cycle progression. Component of a SWR1-like complex that specifically mediates the removal of histone H2A.Z/H2AZ1 from the nucleosome. May play a role in the formation and maintenance of the auditory system (By similarity).

Cellular Location Nucleus.

Tissue Location Expressed in the cochlea.

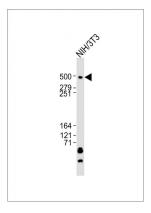
Background

Adapter protein, which is found in various multiprotein chromatin complexes with histone acetyltransferase activity (HAT), which gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation. Component of the NuA4 histone acetyltransferase complex which is responsible for acetylation of nucleosomal histones H4 and H2A. Plays a central role in MYC transcription activation, and also participates in cell transformation by MYC. Required for p53/TP53-, E2F1- and E2F4-mediated transcription activation. Probably acts by linking transcription factors such as E1A, MYC or E2F1 to HAT complexes such as STAGA thereby allowing transcription activation. Probably not required in the steps following histone acetylation in processes of transcription activation. May be required for the mitotic checkpoint and normal cell cycle progression. Component of a SWR1-like complex that specifically mediates the removal of histone H2A.Z/H2AFZ from the nucleosome.

References

Carninci P., et al. Science 309:1559-1563(2005). Herceg Z., et al. Nat. Genet. 29:206-211(2001).

Images



Anti-Trrap Antibody (C-term)at 1:2000 dilution + NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 292 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.