

TRRAP Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP21568b

Product Information

Application	WB, IF, E
Primary Accession	Q9Y4A5
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB51386
Calculated MW	437600

Additional Information

Gene ID	8295
Other Names	Transformation/transcription domain-associated protein, 350/400 kDa PCAF-associated factor, PAF350/400, STAF40, Tra1 homolog, TRRAP, PAF400
Target/Specificity	This TRRAP antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 3015-3049 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human TRRAP.
Dilution	WB~~1:2000 IF~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	TRRAP Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	TRRAP
Synonyms	PAF400
Function	Adapter protein, which is found in various multiprotein chromatin complexes with histone acetyltransferase activity (HAT), which gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation. Component of the NuA4 histone

acetyltransferase complex which is responsible for acetylation of nucleosomal histones H4 and H2A. Plays a central role in MYC transcription activation, and also participates in cell transformation by MYC. Required for p53/TP53-, E2F1- and E2F4- mediated transcription activation. Also involved in transcription activation mediated by the adenovirus E1A, a viral oncoprotein that deregulates transcription of key genes. Probably acts by linking transcription factors such as E1A, MYC or E2F1 to HAT complexes such as STAGA thereby allowing transcription activation. Probably not required in the steps following histone acetylation in processes of transcription activation. May be required for the mitotic checkpoint and normal cell cycle progression. Component of a SWR1-like complex that specifically mediates the removal of histone H2A.Z/H2AZ1 from the nucleosome. May play a role in the formation and maintenance of the auditory system (By similarity).

Cellular Location Nucleus

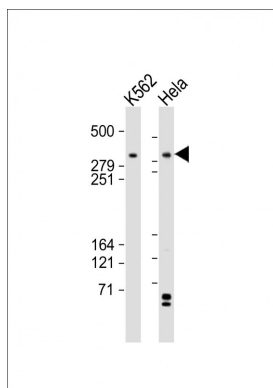
Background

Adapter protein, which is found in various multiprotein chromatin complexes with histone acetyltransferase activity (HAT), which gives a specific tag for epigenetic transcription activation. Component of the NuA4 histone acetyltransferase complex which is responsible for acetylation of nucleosomal histones H4 and H2A. Plays a central role in MYC transcription activation, and also participates in cell transformation by MYC. Required for p53/TP53-, E2F1- and E2F4-mediated transcription activation. Also involved in transcription activation mediated by the adenovirus E1A, a viral oncoprotein that deregulates transcription of key genes. Probably acts by linking transcription factors such as E1A, MYC or E2F1 to HAT complexes such as STAGA thereby allowing transcription activation. Probably not required in the steps following histone acetylation in processes of transcription activation. May be required for the mitotic checkpoint and normal cell cycle progression. Component of a SWR1- like complex that specifically mediates the removal of histone H2A.Z/H2AFZ from the nucleosome.

References

McMahon S.B.,et al.Cell 94:363-374(1998).
Vassilev A.,et al.Mol. Cell 2:869-875(1998).
Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 424:157-164(2003).
Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Scherer S.W.,et al.Science 300:767-772(2003).

Images



All lanes : Anti-TRRAP Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution
Lane 1: K562 whole cell lysates Lane 2: HeLa whole cell lysates
Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 438 kDa
Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.