

SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21635b

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession 075044

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalitypolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB53246Calculated MW120871

Additional Information

Gene ID 23380

Other Names SLIT-ROBO Rho GTPase-activating protein 2, srGAP2, Formin-binding protein

2, Rho GTPase-activating protein 34, SRGAP2, ARHGAP34, FNBP2, KIAA0456,

SRGAP2A

Target/Specificity This SRGAP2 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 997-1030 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human SRGAP2.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name SRGAP2 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:11672528,

ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:19751}

Function Postsynaptic RAC1 GTPase activating protein (GAP) that plays a key role in

neuronal morphogenesis and migration mainly during development of the cerebral cortex (PubMed: 20810653, PubMed: 27373832, PubMed: 28333212).

Regulates excitatory and inhibitory synapse maturation and density in cortical pyramidal neurons (PubMed:22559944, PubMed:27373832). SRGAP2/SRGAP2A limits excitatory and inhibitory synapse density through its RAC1-specific GTPase activating activity, while it promotes maturation of both excitatory and inhibitory synapses through its ability to bind to the postsynaptic scaffolding protein HOMER1 at excitatory synapses, and the postsynaptic protein GPHN at inhibitory synapses (By similarity). Mechanistically, acts by binding and deforming membranes, thereby regulating actin dynamics to regulate cell migration and differentiation (PubMed:27373832). Promotes cell repulsion and contact inhibition of locomotion: localizes to protrusions with curved edges and controls the duration of RAC1 activity in contact protrusions (By similarity). In non-neuronal cells, may also play a role in cell migration by regulating the formation of lamellipodia and filopodia (PubMed:20810653, PubMed:21148482).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane. Cell projection, dendritic spine. Postsynaptic density {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Postsynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Cell projection, lamellipodium. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:D4A208} Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q91Z67}. Note=Recruited to actin-rich phagosomes during phagocytosis (By similarity). Translocates from nucleus to cytoplasm during development (By similarity) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:D4A208, ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q91Z67}

Background

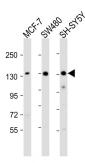
RAC1 GTPase activating protein (GAP) that binds and deforms membranes, and regulates actin dynamics to regulate cell migration and differentiation. Plays an important role in different aspects of neuronal morphogenesis and migration mainly during development of the cerebral cortex. This includes the biogenesis of neurites, where it is required for both axons and dendrites outgrowth, and the maturation of the dendritic spines. Also stimulates the branching of the leading process and negatively regulates neuron radial migration in the cerebral cortex. Its interaction and inhibition by SRGAP2C reduces the rate of spine maturation, alters dendritic spine morphology and density and indirectly increases neuronal migration. It may have implications for cognition, learning and memory. In non-neuronal cells, it may also play a role in cell migration by regulating the formation of lamellipodia and filopodia.

References

Seki N.,et al.DNA Res. 4:345-349(1997). Wong K.,et al.Cell 107:209-221(2001). Olsen J.V.,et al.Cell 127:635-648(2006). Dephoure N.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 105:10762-10767(2008). Gauci S.,et al.Anal. Chem. 81:4493-4501(2009).

Images

All lanes: Anti-SRGAP2 Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane 2: SW480 whole cell lysate Lane 3: SH-SY5Y whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 121 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.