

TIMP3 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP21717b

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	P35625
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB47669
Calculated MW	24145

Additional Information

Gene ID	7078
Other Names	Metalloproteinase inhibitor 3, Protein MIG-5, Tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases 3, TIMP-3, TIMP3
Target/Specificity	This TIMP3 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 176-210 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human TIMP3.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	TIMP3 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	TIMP3
Function	Mediates a variety of processes including matrix regulation and turnover, inflammation, and angiogenesis, through reversible inhibition of zinc protease superfamily enzymes, primarily matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs). Regulates extracellular matrix (ECM) remodeling through inhibition of matrix metalloproteinases (MMP) including MMP-1, MMP-2, MMP-3, MMP-7, MMP-9,

MMP-13, MMP-14 and MMP-15. Additionally, modulates the processing of amyloid precursor protein (APP) and apolipoprotein E receptor ApoER2 by inhibiting two alpha- secretases ADAM10 and ADAM17 (PubMed:[17913923](#)). Functions as a tumor suppressor and a potent inhibitor of angiogenesis. Exerts its anti- angiogenic effect by directly interacting with vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) receptor-2/KDR, preventing its binding to the VEGFA ligand (PubMed:[12652295](#)). Selectively induces apoptosis in angiogenic endothelial cells through a caspase-independent cell death pathway (PubMed:[25558000](#)). Mechanistically, inhibits matrix-induced focal adhesion kinase PTK2 tyrosine phosphorylation and association with paxillin/PXN and disrupts the incorporation of ITGB3, PTK2 and PXN into focal adhesion contacts on the matrix (PubMed:[25558000](#)).

Cellular Location

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix

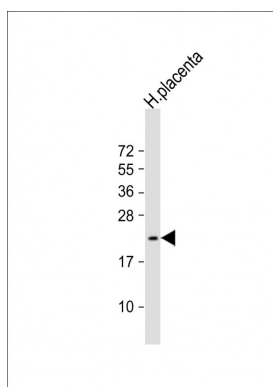
Background

Complexes with metalloproteinases (such as collagenases) and irreversibly inactivates them by binding to their catalytic zinc cofactor. May form part of a tissue-specific acute response to remodeling stimuli. Known to act on MMP-1, MMP-2, MMP-3, MMP-7, MMP-9, MMP-13, MMP-14 and MMP-15.

References

Uria J.A.,et al.Cancer Res. 54:2091-2094(1994).
Wilde C.G.,et al.DNA Cell Biol. 13:711-718(1994).
Silbiger S.M.,et al.Gene 141:293-297(1994).
Wick M.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 269:18953-18960(1994).
Stoehr H.,et al.Genome Res. 5:483-487(1995).

Images



Anti-TIMP3 Antibody (C-term) at 1:1000 dilution + human placenta lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 24 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.