

TFDP1 Antibody (N-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21890a

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** Q14186

Other Accession

Reactivity

Predicted

Q17QZ4, Q08639

Human, Mouse

Bovine, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB54137
Calculated MW 45070

Additional Information

Gene ID 7027

Other Names Transcription factor Dp-1, DRTF1-polypeptide 1, DRTF1, E2F dimerization

partner 1, TFDP1, DP1

Target/SpecificityThis TFDP1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 83-114 amino acids from human

TFDP1.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions TFDP1 Antibody (N-Term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name TFDP1

Synonyms DP1

Function Can stimulate E2F-dependent transcription. Binds DNA cooperatively with

E2F family members through the E2 recognition site, 5'-TTTC[CG]CGC-3', found in the promoter region of a number of genes whose products are involved in cell cycle regulation or in DNA replication (PubMed:7739537, PubMed:8405995). The E2F1:DP complex appears to mediate both cell proliferation and apoptosis. Blocks adipocyte differentiation by repressing CEBPA binding to its target gene promoters (PubMed:20176812).

Cellular Location Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q08639}. Cytoplasm

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q08639}. Note=Shuttles between the cytoplasm and nucleus and translocates into the nuclear compartment upon

heterodimerization with E2F1. {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q08639}

Tissue Location Highest levels in muscle. Also expressed in brain, placenta, liver and kidney.

Lower levels in lung and pancreas. Not detected in heart

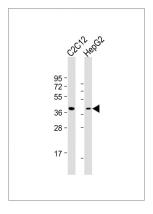
Background

Can stimulate E2F-dependent transcription. Binds DNA cooperatively with E2F family members through the E2 recognition site, 5'-TTTC[CG]CGC-3', found in the promoter region of a number of genes whose products are involved in cell cycle regulation or in DNA replication. The DP2/E2F complex functions in the control of cell-cycle progression from G1 to S phase. The E2F1/DP complex appears to mediate both cell proliferation and apoptosis.

References

Helin K.,et al.Genes Dev. 7:1850-1861(1993). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Dunham A.,et al.Nature 428:522-528(2004). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Bandara L.R.,et al.EMBO J. 13:3104-3114(1994).

Images



All lanes: Anti-TFDP1 Antibody (N-Term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: C2C12 whole cell lysate Lane 2: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 45 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.