

NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP21921b

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9HAN9
Other Accession	Q0VD50
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB55362
Calculated MW	31932

Additional Information

Gene ID	64802
Other Names	Nicotinamide mononucleotide adenylyltransferase 1, NMN adenylyltransferase 1, 2.7.7.1, Nicotinate-nucleotide adenylyltransferase 1, NaMN adenylyltransferase 1, 2.7.7.18, NMNAT1, NMNAT
Target/Specificity	This NMNAT1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 171-201 amino acids from human NMNAT1.
Dilution	WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	NMNAT1 (HGNC:17877)
Synonyms	NMNAT

Function	Catalyzes the formation of NAD(+) from nicotinamide mononucleotide (NMN) and ATP (PubMed: 17402747). Can also use the deamidated form; nicotinic acid mononucleotide (NaMN) as substrate with the same efficiency (PubMed: 17402747). Can use triazofurin monophosphate (TrMP) as substrate (PubMed: 17402747). Also catalyzes the reverse reaction, i.e. the pyrophosphorolytic cleavage of NAD(+) (PubMed: 17402747). For the pyrophosphorolytic activity, prefers NAD(+) and NaAD as substrates and degrades NADH, nicotinic acid adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NAD) and nicotinamide guanine dinucleotide (NGD) less effectively (PubMed: 17402747). Involved in the synthesis of ATP in the nucleus, together with PARP1, PARG and NUDT5 (PubMed: 27257257). Nuclear ATP generation is required for extensive chromatin remodeling events that are energy-consuming (PubMed: 27257257). Also acts as a cofactor for glutamate and aspartate ADP-ribosylation by directing PARP1 catalytic activity to glutamate and aspartate residues on histones (By similarity). Fails to cleave phosphorylated dinucleotides NADP(+), NADPH and NaADP(+) (PubMed: 17402747). Protects against axonal degeneration following mechanical or toxic insults (By similarity). Neural protection does not correlate with cellular NAD(+) levels but may still require enzyme activity (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Nucleus
Tissue Location	Widely expressed with highest levels in skeletal muscle, heart and kidney. Also expressed in the liver pancreas and placenta. Widely expressed throughout the brain

Background

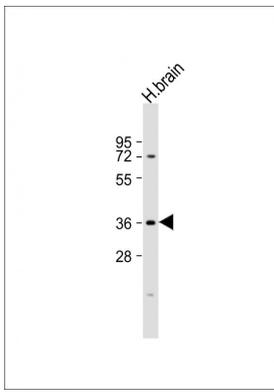
Catalyzes the formation of NAD(+) from nicotinamide mononucleotide (NMN) and ATP. Can also use the deamidated form; nicotinic acid mononucleotide (NaMN) as substrate with the same efficiency. Can use triazofurin monophosphate (TrMP) as substrate. Also catalyzes the reverse reaction, i.e. the pyrophosphorolytic cleavage of NAD(+). For the pyrophosphorolytic activity, prefers NAD(+) and NAAD as substrates and degrades NADH, nicotinic acid adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NAD) and nicotinamide guanine dinucleotide (NGD) less effectively. Fails to cleave phosphorylated dinucleotides NADP(+), NADPH and NAADP(+). Protects against axonal degeneration following mechanical or toxic insults.

References

- Schweiger M.,et al.FEBS Lett. 492:95-100(2001).
Emanuelli M.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 276:406-412(2001).
Fernando F.S.,et al.Gene 284:23-29(2002).
Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
Gregory S.G.,et al.Nature 441:315-321(2006).

Images

Anti-NMNAT1 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:1000 dilution + human brain lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 32 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.