

# RAD54B Antibody (N-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP21946a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9Y620</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clone Names</b>	RB54407
<b>Calculated MW</b>	102967

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	25788
<b>Other Names</b>	DNA repair and recombination protein RAD54B, 3.6.4.-, RAD54 homolog B, RAD54B
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This RAD54B antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 111-142 amino acids from human RAD54B.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	RAD54B Antibody (N-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	RAD54B ( <a href="#">HGNC:17228</a> )
<b>Function</b>	Multifunctional ATPase that could play with RAD54, a redundant role in homologous recombination (HR), a major pathway for repairing DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs), single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) gaps, and stalled or collapsed replication forks (PubMed: <a href="#">11884632</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">16428451</a> ). Could act as a molecular motor during the homology search and guide RAD51

ssDNA along a donor dsDNA thereby changing the homology search from the diffusion-based mechanism to a motor-guided mechanism (PubMed:[11782437](#), PubMed:[11884632](#), PubMed:[16428451](#)). Once DNA strand exchange occurred, could dissociate RAD51 from nucleoprotein filaments formed on dsDNA (By similarity). May also function as a molecular adapter, promoting MDM2-MDM4 heterodimerization to facilitate the ubiquitin-dependent degradation of p53, thereby modulating the cellular decision between cell cycle arrest and progression in response to DNA damage (PubMed:[25384516](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Active at DNA double-strand breaks.

#### Tissue Location

Abundantly expressed in testis and spleen. Relatively low levels observed in thymus, prostate, ovary and colon

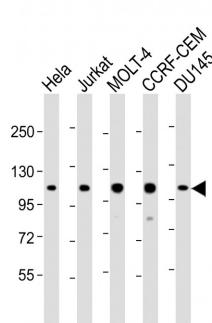
## Background

Involved in DNA repair and mitotic recombination. May play an active role in recombination processes in concert with other members of the RAD52 epistasis group.

## References

Hiramoto T.,et al.Oncogene 18:3422-3426(1999).  
Li W.B.,et al.Submitted (JAN-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
Nusbaum C.,et al.Nature 439:331-335(2006).  
Tanaka K.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 275:26316-26321(2000).  
Miyagawa K.,et al.EMBO J. 21:175-180(2002).

## Images



All lanes : Anti-RAD54B Antibody (N-Term) at 1:2000 dilution  
Lane 1: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 3: MOLT-4 whole cell lysate Lane 4: CCRF-CEM whole cell lysate Lane 5: DU145 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 103 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.