

HEXB Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21947c

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** P07686 Reactivity Human, Rat Host Rabbit Clonality polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB54540 **Calculated MW** 63137

Additional Information

Gene ID 3074

Other Names Beta-hexosaminidase subunit beta, 3.2.1.52, Beta-N-acetylhexosaminidase

subunit beta, Hexosaminidase subunit B, Cervical cancer proto-oncogene 7

protein, HCC-7, N-acetyl-beta-glucosaminidase subunit beta,

Beta-hexosaminidase subunit beta chain B, Beta-hexosaminidase subunit

beta chain A, HEXB

Target/Specificity This HEXB antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 170-203 amino acids from the Central

region of human HEXB.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions HEXB Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name HEXB (HGNC:4879)

Function Hydrolyzes the non-reducing end N-acetyl-D-hexosamine and/or sulfated

N-acetyl-D-hexosamine of glycoconjugates, such as the oligosaccharide

moieties from proteins and neutral glycolipids, or from certain mucopolysaccharides (PubMed:11707436, PubMed:8123671, PubMed:8672428, PubMed:9694901). The isozyme B does not hydrolyze each of these substrates, however hydrolyzes efficiently neutral oligosaccharide (PubMed:11707436). Only the isozyme A is responsible for the degradation of GM2 gangliosides in the presence of GM2A (PubMed:8123671, PubMed:8672428, PubMed:9694901). During fertilization is responsible, at least in part, for the zona block to polyspermy. Present in the cortical granules of non-activated oocytes, is exocytosed during the cortical reaction in response to oocyte activation and inactivates the sperm galactosyltransferase-binding site, accounting for the block in sperm binding to the zona pellucida (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Lysosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, Cortical granule {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P20060}

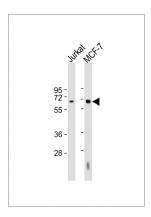
Background

Responsible for the degradation of GM2 gangliosides, and a variety of other molecules containing terminal N-acetyl hexosamines, in the brain and other tissues.

References

Korneluk R.G., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 261:8407-8413(1986). Neote K., et al.Genomics 3:279-286(1988). Proia R.L., et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:1883-1887(1988). Kim J.W., et al.Submitted (MAY-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Kalnine N., et al.Submitted (AUG-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Images



All lanes: Anti-HEXB Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 2: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 63 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.