

# NAA10 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP21992c

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IF, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P41227</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q2KI14</a> , <a href="#">Q9QY36</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse
<b>Predicted</b>	Bovine, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clone Names</b>	RB54653
<b>Calculated MW</b>	26459

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	8260
<b>Other Names</b>	N-alpha-acetyltransferase 10, 2.3.1.-, 2.3.1.88, N-terminal acetyltransferase complex ARD1 subunit homolog A, NatA catalytic subunit Naa10, NAA10, ARD1, ARD1A, TE2
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This NAA10 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 135-167 amino acids from the Central region of human NAA10.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:2000 IF~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	NAA10 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	NAA10
<b>Synonyms</b>	ARD1, ARD1A, TE2

<b>Function</b>	Catalytic subunit of N-terminal acetyltransferase complexes which display alpha (N-terminal) acetyltransferase activity (PubMed: <a href="#">15496142</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19420222</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19826488</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">20145209</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">20154145</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">25489052</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">27708256</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">29754825</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">32042062</a> ). Acetylates amino termini that are devoid of initiator methionine (PubMed: <a href="#">19420222</a> ). The alpha (N-terminal) acetyltransferase activity may be important for vascular, hematopoietic and neuronal growth and development. Without NAA15, displays epsilon (internal) acetyltransferase activity towards HIF1A, thereby promoting its degradation (PubMed: <a href="#">12464182</a> ). Represses MYLK kinase activity by acetylation, and thus represses tumor cell migration (PubMed: <a href="#">19826488</a> ). Acetylates, and stabilizes TSC2, thereby repressing mTOR activity and suppressing cancer development (PubMed: <a href="#">20145209</a> ). Acetylates HSPA1A and HSPA1B at 'Lys-77' which enhances its chaperone activity and leads to preferential binding to co-chaperone HOPX (PubMed: <a href="#">27708256</a> ). Acetylates HIST1H4A (PubMed: <a href="#">29754825</a> ). Acts as a negative regulator of sister chromatid cohesion during mitosis (PubMed: <a href="#">27422821</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Also present in the free cytosolic and cytoskeleton-bound polysomes.
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Ubiquitous..

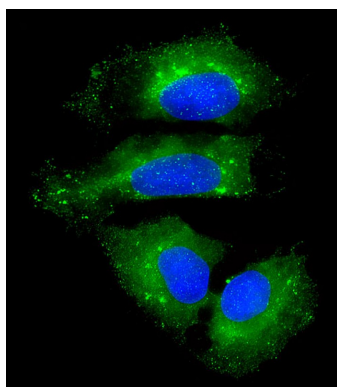
## Background

Catalytic subunit of the N-terminal acetyltransferase A (NatA) complex which displays alpha (N-terminal) acetyltransferase activity. The NAT activity may be important for vascular, hematopoietic and neuronal growth and development. Without NAA15, displays epsilon (internal) acetyltransferase activity towards HIF1A, thereby promoting its degradation. Represses MYLK kinase activity by acetylation, and thus represses tumor cell migration. Acetylates, and stabilizes TSC2, thereby repressing mTOR activity and suppressing cancer development.

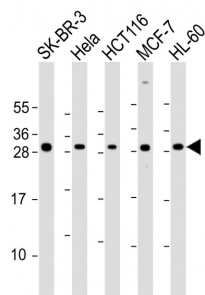
## References

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 Arnesen T.,et al.Biochem. J. 386:433-443(2005).  
 Ross M.T.,et al.Nature 434:325-337(2005).  
 Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
 Jeong J.-W.,et al.Cell 111:709-720(2002).

## Images



Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized U-2 OS (human osteosarcoma cell line) cells labeling NAA10 with AP21992c at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (NK179883) secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing cytoplasm and weak nucleus staining on U-2 OS cell line. The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



All lanes : Anti-NAA10 Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution  
 Lane 1: SK-BR-3 whole cell lysate Lane 2: HeLa whole cell lysate Lane 3: HCT116 whole cell lysate Lane 4: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane 5: HL-60 whole cell lysate  
 Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 26 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.