

# F7 Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22013b

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** P08709 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB54990 **Calculated MW** 51594

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2155

Other Names Coagulation factor VII, 3.4.21.21, Proconvertin, Serum prothrombin

conversion accelerator, SPCA, Eptacog alfa, Factor VII light chain, Factor VII

heavy chain, F7

**Target/Specificity**This F7 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated

synthetic peptide between 302-332 amino acids from human F7.

**Dilution** WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** F7 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name F7

**Function** Initiates the extrinsic pathway of blood coagulation. Serine protease that

circulates in the blood in a zymogen form. Factor VII is converted to factor VIIa by factor Xa, factor XIIa, factor IXa, or thrombin by minor proteolysis. In the presence of tissue factor and calcium ions, factor VIIa then converts factor X to factor Xa by limited proteolysis. Factor VIIa also converts factor IX to

factor IXa in the presence of tissue factor and calcium (PubMed:271951).

**Cellular Location** Secreted.

**Tissue Location** Plasma.

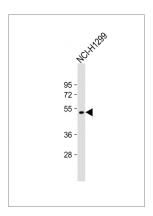
## **Background**

Initiates the extrinsic pathway of blood coagulation. Serine protease that circulates in the blood in a zymogen form. Factor VII is converted to factor VIIa by factor Xa, factor XIIa, factor IXa, or thrombin by minor proteolysis. In the presence of tissue factor and calcium ions, factor VIIa then converts factor X to factor Xa by limited proteolysis. Factor VIIa will also convert factor IX to factor IXa in the presence of tissue factor and calcium.

#### References

Hagen F.S., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83:2412-2416(1986).
O'Hara P.J., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 84:5158-5162(1987).
Sabater-Lleal M., et al. Hum. Genet. 118:741-751(2006).
Soria J.M., et al. Submitted (DEC-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Masroori N., et al. Submitted (MAR-2008) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

### **Images**



Anti-F7 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution + NCI-H1299 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 52 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.