

# GALC Antibody (N-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22090a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, FC, E **Primary Accession** P54803

Other Accession <u>P54804</u>, <u>002791</u>, <u>P54818</u>

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse

Predicted Mouse
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB55884
Calculated MW 77063

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2581

Other Names Galactocerebrosidase, GALCERase, 3.2.1.46, Galactocerebroside

beta-galactosidase, Galactosylceramidase, Galactosylceramide

beta-galactosidase, GALC

**Target/Specificity** This GALC antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 26-56 amino acids from human GALC.

**Dilution** WB~~1:2000 FC~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity

purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** GALC Antibody (N-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name GALC ( HGNC:4115)

**Function** Hydrolyzes the galactose ester bonds of glycolipids such as

galactosylceramide and galactosylsphingosine (PubMed:<u>8281145</u>, PubMed:<u>8399327</u>). Enzyme with very low activity responsible for the

lysosomal catabolism of galactosylceramide, a major lipid in myelin, kidney and epithelial cells of small intestine and colon (PubMed:8281145, PubMed:8399327).

Cellular Location Lysosome.

**Tissue Location** Detected in urine. Detected in testis, brain and placenta (at protein level).

Detected in kidney and liver

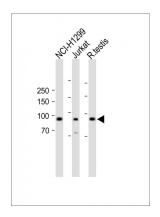
## **Background**

Hydrolyzes the galactose ester bonds of galactosylceramide, galactosylsphingosine, lactosylceramide, and monogalactosyldiglyceride. Enzyme with very low activity responsible for the lysosomal catabolism of galactosylceramide, a major lipid in myelin, kidney and epithelial cells of small intestine and colon.

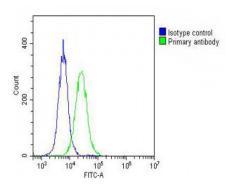
### References

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Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
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# **Images**



All lanes: GALC Antibody (N-Term) at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: NCI-H1299 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 3: Rat testis lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 80kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Overlay histogram showing Hela cells stained with AP22090a (green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP22090a, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OH191631) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.