

TXNRD1 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22147c

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession Q16881

Other Accession 062768, Q9MYY8, Q5NVA2

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Predicted Bovine, Pig
Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB56182
Calculated MW 70906

Additional Information

Gene ID 7296

Other Names Thioredoxin reductase 1, cytoplasmic, TR, 1.8.1.9, Gene associated with

retinoic and interferon-induced mortality 12 protein, GRIM-12, Gene

associated with retinoic and IFN-induced mortality 12 protein,

KM-102-derived reductase-like factor, Thioredoxin reductase TR1, TXNRD1,

GRIM12, KDRF

Target/Specificity This TXNRD1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 271-305 amino acids from the Central

region of human TXNRD1.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions TXNRD1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name TXNRD1 (HGNC:12437)

Synonyms GRIM12, KDRF

Function Reduces disulfideprotein thioredoxin (Trx) to its dithiol- containing form

(PubMed:<u>8577704</u>). Homodimeric flavoprotein involved in the regulation of cellular redox reactions, growth and differentiation. Contains a selenocysteine residue at the C-terminal active site that is essential for catalysis (Probable). Also has reductase activity on hydrogen peroxide (H2O2) (PubMed:<u>10849437</u>).

Cellular Location [Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm [Isoform 5]: Cytoplasm

Tissue Location [Isoform 1]: Expressed predominantly in Leydig cells (at protein level). Also

expressed in ovary, spleen, heart, liver, kidney and pancreas and in a number

of cancer cell lines

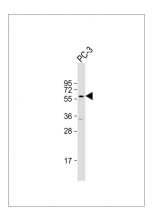
Background

Isoform 1 may possess glutaredoxin activity as well as thioredoxin reductase activity and induces actin and tubulin polymerization, leading to formation of cell membrane protrusions. Isoform 4 enhances the transcriptional activity of estrogen receptors alpha and beta while isoform 5 enhances the transcriptional activity of the beta receptor only. Isoform 5 also mediates cell death induced by a combination of interferon-beta and retinoic acid.

References

Gasdaska P.Y.,et al.FEBS Lett. 373:5-9(1995).
Koishi R.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 272:2570-2577(1997).
Hofman E.R.,et al.Mol. Cell. Biol. 18:6493-6504(1998).
Rundloef A.-K.,et al.Free Radic. Biol. Med. 36:641-656(2004).
Schuetze N.,et al.Submitted (AUG-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Images



Anti-TXNRD1 Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution + PC-3 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 71 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.