

SCN1A Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22326c

Product Information

Application Primary Accession	WB, FC, E <u>P35498</u>
Other Accession	<u>P04774</u>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB57630
Calculated MW	228972

Additional Information

Gene ID	6323
Other Names	Sodium channel protein type 1 subunit alpha, Sodium channel protein brain I subunit alpha, Sodium channel protein type I subunit alpha, Voltage-gated sodium channel subunit alpha Nav1.1, SCN1A, NAC1, SCN1
Target/Specificity	This SCN1A antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 481-515 amino acids from the Central region of human SCN1A.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SCN1A Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SCN1A (<u>HGNC:10585</u>)
Synonyms	NAC1, SCN1

Function	Pore-forming subunit of Nav1.1, a voltage-gated sodium (Nav) channel that directly mediates the depolarizing phase of action potentials in excitable membranes. Navs, also called VGSCs (voltage- gated sodium channels) or VDSCs (voltage-dependent sodium channels), operate by switching between closed and open conformations depending on the voltage difference across the membrane. In the open conformation they allow Na(+) ions to selectively pass through the pore, along their electrochemical gradient. The influx of Na(+) ions provokes membrane depolarization, initiating the propagation of electrical signals throughout cells and tissues (PubMed: <u>14672992</u>). By regulating the excitability of neurons, ensures that they respond appropriately to synaptic inputs, maintaining the balance between excitation and inhibition in brain neural circuits (By similarity). Nav1.1 plays a role in controlling the excitability and action potential propagation from somatosensory neurons, thereby contributing to the sensory perception of mechanically-induced pain (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Background

Mediates the voltage-dependent sodium ion permeability of excitable membranes. Assuming opened or closed conformations in response to the voltage difference across the membrane, the protein forms a sodium-selective channel through which Na(+) ions may pass in accordance with their electrochemical gradient.

References

Escayg A., et al.Nat. Genet. 24:343-345(2000). Jeong S.-Y., et al.Submitted (JAN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Sugawara T., et al.Submitted (JUL-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ouchida M., et al.Submitted (OCT-2002) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Hillier L.W., et al.Nature 434:724-731(2005).

Images



Overlay histogram showing U-87 MG cells stained with AP22326c(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP22326c, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(1583138) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG1 (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

Anti-SCN1A Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution + U-87 MG whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 229 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



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