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KCNH1 Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP22343b

Product Information

Application	IF, WB, FC, E
Primary Accession	O95259
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Predicted	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB57957
Calculated MW	111423

Additional Information

Gene ID	3756
Other Names	Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily H member 1, Ether-a-go-go potassium channel 1, EAG channel 1, h-eag, hEAG1, Voltage-gated potassium channel subunit Kv10.1, KCNH1, EAG, EAG1
Target/Specificity	This KCNH1 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 787-820 amino acids from the human region of human KCNH1.
Dilution	IF~~1:25 WB~~1:2000 FC~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	KCNH1 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	KCNH1 (HGNC:6250)
Function	Pore-forming (alpha) subunit of a voltage-gated delayed rectifier potassium channel that mediates outward-rectifying potassium currents which, on depolarization, reaches a steady-state level and do not inactivate

	(PubMed:10880439, PubMed:11943152, PubMed:22732247, PubMed:25420144, PubMed:25556795, PubMed:25915598, PubMed:27005320, PubMed:27325704, PubMed:27618660, PubMed:30149017, PubMed:9738473). The activation kinetics depend on the prepulse potential and external divalent cation concentration (PubMed:11943152). With negative prepulses, the current activation is delayed and slowed down several fold, whereas more positive prepulses speed up activation (PubMed:11943152). The time course of activation is biphasic with a fast and a slowly activating current component (PubMed:11943152). Activates at more positive membrane potentials and exhibit a steeper activation curve (PubMed:11943152). Channel properties are modulated by subunit assembly (PubMed:11943152). Mediates IK(NI) current in myoblasts (PubMed:9738473). Involved in the regulation of cell proliferation and differentiation, in particular adipogenic and osteogenic differentiation in bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs) (PubMed:23881642).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Nucleus inner membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63472}. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63472}. Presynaptic cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63472}. Perikaryon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63472}. Postsynaptic density membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q63472}. Early endosome membrane. Note=Perinuclear KCNH1 is located to NPC-free islands
Tissue Location	Highly expressed in brain and in myoblasts at the onset of fusion, but not in other tissues (PubMed:9738473). Detected in HeLa (cervical carcinoma), SH-SY5Y (neuroblastoma) and MCF-7 (epithelial tumor) cells, but not in normal epithelial cells

Background

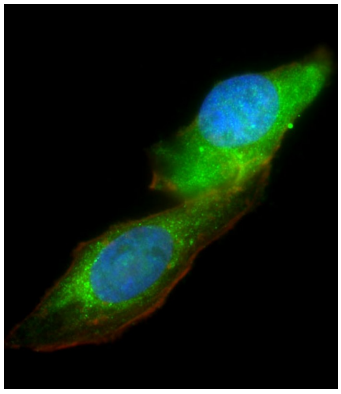
Pore-forming (alpha) subunit of voltage-gated non- inactivating delayed rectifier potassium channel. Channel properties may be modulated by cAMP and subunit assembly. Mediates IK(NI) current in myoblasts.

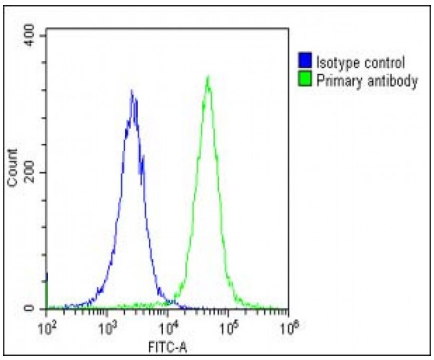
References

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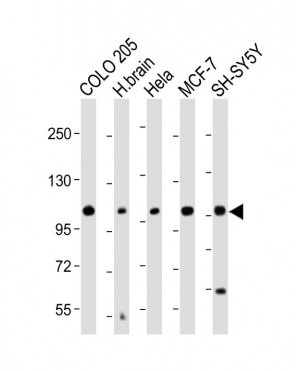
Images

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0. 1% Triton X-100 permeabilized Hela cells labeling KCNH1 with AP22343b at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing Nucleus and Cytoplasm staining on Hela cell line. Cytoplasmic actin is detected with Dylight® 554 Phalloidin(red). The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).





Overlay histogram showing Hela cells stained with AP22343b(green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP22343b, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37ºC. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OE188374) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37ºC. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG1 (1µg/1x10^6 cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.



All lanes : Anti-KCNH1 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: COLO 205 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Human brain lysate Lane 3: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 4: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane 5: SH-SY5Y whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 111 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.