

# HSPA1A/HSPA1B Antibody (Y41)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP22369a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC-P-Leica, WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P0DMV8</a> , <a href="#">P0DMV9</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat, Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clone Names</b>	RB58828
<b>Calculated MW</b>	70052

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	3303;3304
<b>Other Names</b>	Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1A/1B, Heat shock 70 kDa protein 1/2, HSP70-1/HSP70-2, HSP70.1/HSP70.2, HSPA1A, HSPA1, HSX70
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This HSPA1A/HSPA1B antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from the human region of human HSPA1A/HSPA1B.
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC-P-Leica~~1:500 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	HSPA1A/HSPA1B Antibody (Y41) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	HSPA1A
<b>Synonyms</b>	HSP72 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:24318877}, HSP
<b>Function</b>	Molecular chaperone implicated in a wide variety of cellular processes, including protection of the proteome from stress, folding and transport of

newly synthesized polypeptides, activation of proteolysis of misfolded proteins and the formation and dissociation of protein complexes. Plays a pivotal role in the protein quality control system, ensuring the correct folding of proteins, the re-folding of misfolded proteins and controlling the targeting of proteins for subsequent degradation. This is achieved through cycles of ATP binding, ATP hydrolysis and ADP release, mediated by co-chaperones. The co-chaperones have been shown to not only regulate different steps of the ATPase cycle, but they also have an individual specificity such that one co-chaperone may promote folding of a substrate while another may promote degradation. The affinity for polypeptides is regulated by its nucleotide bound state. In the ATP-bound form, it has a low affinity for substrate proteins. However, upon hydrolysis of the ATP to ADP, it undergoes a conformational change that increases its affinity for substrate proteins. It goes through repeated cycles of ATP hydrolysis and nucleotide exchange, which permits cycles of substrate binding and release. The co-chaperones are of three types: J-domain co-chaperones such as HSP40s (stimulate ATPase hydrolysis by HSP70), the nucleotide exchange factors (NEF) such as BAG1/2/3 (facilitate conversion of HSP70 from the ADP-bound to the ATP-bound state thereby promoting substrate release), and the TPR domain chaperones such as HOPX and STUB1 (PubMed:[24012426](#), PubMed:[24318877](#), PubMed:[26865365](#)). Maintains protein homeostasis during cellular stress through two opposing mechanisms: protein refolding and degradation. Its acetylation/deacetylation state determines whether it functions in protein refolding or protein degradation by controlling the competitive binding of co-chaperones HOPX and STUB1. During the early stress response, the acetylated form binds to HOPX which assists in chaperone-mediated protein refolding, thereafter, it is deacetylated and binds to ubiquitin ligase STUB1 that promotes ubiquitin-mediated protein degradation (PubMed:[27708256](#)). Regulates centrosome integrity during mitosis, and is required for the maintenance of a functional mitotic centrosome that supports the assembly of a bipolar mitotic spindle (PubMed:[27137183](#)). Enhances STUB1-mediated SMAD3 ubiquitination and degradation and facilitates STUB1-mediated inhibition of TGF-beta signaling (PubMed:[24613385](#)). Essential for STUB1-mediated ubiquitination and degradation of FOXP3 in regulatory T-cells (Treg) during inflammation (PubMed:[23973223](#)). Required as a co-chaperone for optimal STUB1/CHIP ubiquitination of NFATC3 (By similarity). Negatively regulates heat shock-induced HSF1 transcriptional activity during the attenuation and recovery phase period of the heat shock response (PubMed:[9499401](#)). Involved in the clearance of misfolded PRDM1/Blimp-1 proteins. Sequesters them in the cytoplasm and promotes their association with SYNV1/HRD1, leading to proteasomal degradation (PubMed:[28842558](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61696}. Note=Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs

## Background

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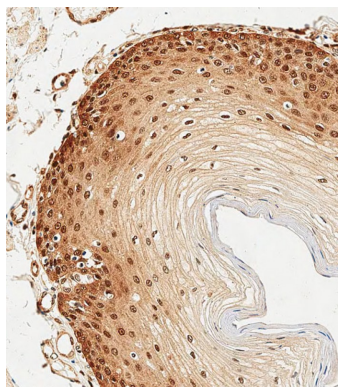
In cooperation with other chaperones, Hsp70s stabilize preexistent proteins against aggregation and mediate the folding of newly translated polypeptides in the cytosol as well as within organelles. These chaperones participate in all these processes through their ability to recognize nonnative conformations of other proteins. They bind extended peptide segments with a net hydrophobic character exposed by polypeptides during translation and membrane translocation, or following stress-induced damage. In case of rotavirus A infection, serves as a post-attachment receptor for the virus to facilitate entry into the cell.

## References

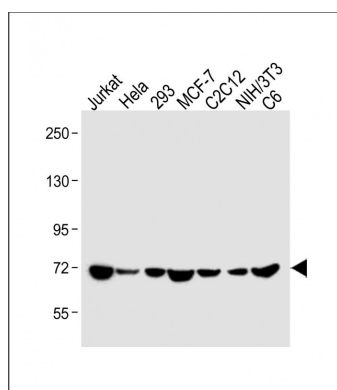
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Xie T.,et al.Genome Res. 13:2621-2636(2003).  
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## Images



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus tissue using AP22369a performed on the Leica® BOND RXm. Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde at room temperature, antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a EDTA buffer (pH9. 0). Samples were incubated with primary antibody(1:500) for 1 hours at room temperature. A undiluted biotinylated CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



All lanes : Anti-HSPA1A/HSPA1B Antibody (Y41)at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 2: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 3: 293 whole cell lysate Lane 4: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lane 5: C2C12 whole cell lysate Lane 6: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate Lane 7: C6 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 70 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.