

Caldesmon antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22429a

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession** Q05682 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality polyclonal Isotype Rabbit Ig **Clone Names** R03777 **Calculated MW** 93231

Additional Information

Gene ID 800

Other Names Caldesmon, CDM, CALD1, CAD, CDM

Target/SpecificityThis antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated

synthetic peptide between amino acids from human.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity

purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Caldesmon antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CALD1

Synonyms CAD, CDM

Function Actin- and myosin-binding protein implicated in the regulation of

actomyosin interactions in smooth muscle and nonmuscle cells (could act as a bridge between myosin and actin filaments). Stimulates actin binding of tropomyosin which increases the stabilization of actin filament structure. In muscle tissues, inhibits the actomyosin ATPase by binding to F-actin. This

inhibition is attenuated by calcium-calmodulin and is potentiated by tropomyosin. Interacts with actin, myosin, two molecules of tropomyosin and with calmodulin. Also plays an essential role during cellular mitosis and receptor capping. Involved in Schwann cell migration during peripheral nerve regeneration (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P13505}. Cytoplasm, myofibril {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P13505}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, stress fiber {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P13505}. Note=On thin filaments in smooth muscle and on stress fibers in fibroblasts (nonmuscle) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P13505}

Tissue Location

High-molecular-weight caldesmon (isoform 1) is predominantly expressed in smooth muscles, whereas low-molecular-weight caldesmon (isoforms 2, 3, 4 and 5) are widely distributed in non-muscle tissues and cells. Not expressed in skeletal muscle or heart

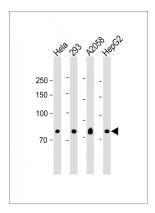
Background

Actin- and myosin-binding protein implicated in the regulation of actomyosin interactions in smooth muscle and nonmuscle cells (could act as a bridge between myosin and actin filaments). Stimulates actin binding of tropomyosin which increases the stabilization of actin filament structure. In muscle tissues, inhibits the actomyosin ATPase by binding to F-actin. This inhibition is attenuated by calcium-calmodulin and is potentiated by tropomyosin. Interacts with actin, myosin, two molecules of tropomyosin and with calmodulin. Also plays an essential role during cellular mitosis and receptor capping. Involved in Schwann cell migration during peripheral nerve regeneration (By similarity).

References

Novy R.E.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 266:16917-16924(1991). Humphrey M.B.,et al.Gene 112:197-204(1992). Hayashi K.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:12122-12126(1992). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 424:157-164(2003).

Images



All lanes: Anti-Caldesmon antibody at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: 293 whole cell lysate Lane 3: A2058 whole cell lysate Lane 4: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 80 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.