

CD276 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22450a

Product Information

Application WB, E **Primary Accession Q5ZPR3** Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality polyclonal Isotype Rabbit Ig **Clone Names** R03087 **Calculated MW** 57235

Additional Information

Gene ID 80381

Other Names CD276 antigen, 4Ig-B7-H3, B7 homolog 3, B7-H3, Costimulatory molecule,

CD276, CD276, B7H3

Target/Specificity This CD276 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from the human region of

human CD276.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions CD276 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CD276

Synonyms B7H3

Function May participate in the regulation of T-cell-mediated immune response. May

play a protective role in tumor cells by inhibiting natural-killer mediated cell lysis as well as a role of marker for detection of neuroblastoma cells. May be

involved in the development of acute and chronic transplant rejection and in the regulation of lymphocytic activity at mucosal surfaces. Could also play a key role in providing the placenta and fetus with a suitable immunological environment throughout pregnancy. Both isoform 1 and isoform 2 appear to be redundant in their ability to modulate CD4 T-cell responses. Isoform 2 is shown to enhance the induction of cytotoxic T-cells and selectively stimulates interferon gamma production in the presence of T-cell receptor signaling.

Cellular Location Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location Ubiquitous but not detectable in peripheral blood lymphocytes or

granulocytes. Weakly expressed in resting monocytes Expressed in dendritic cells derived from monocytes. Expressed in epithelial cells of sinonasal tissue. Expressed in extravillous trophoblast cells and Hofbauer cells of the first

trimester placenta and term placenta.

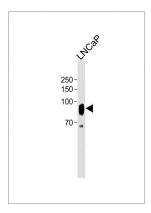
Background

May participate in the regulation of T-cell-mediated immune response. May play a protective role in tumor cells by inhibiting natural-killer mediated cell lysis as well as a role of marker for detection of neuroblastoma cells. May be involved in the development of acute and chronic transplant rejection and in the regulation of lymphocytic activity at mucosal surfaces. Could also play a key role in providing the placenta and fetus with a suitable immunological environment throughout pregnancy. Both isoform 1 and isoform 2 appear to be redundant in their ability to modulate CD4 T-cell responses. Isoform 2 is shown to enhance the induction of cytotoxic T-cells and selectively stimulates interferon gamma production in the presence of T-cell receptor signaling.

References

Chapoval A.I.,et al.Nat. Immunol. 2:269-274(2001). Steinberger P.,et al.J. Immunol. 172:2352-2359(2004). Clark H.F.,et al.Genome Res. 13:2265-2270(2003). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Otsuki T.,et al.DNA Res. 12:117-126(2005).

Images



All lanes: Anti-CD276 Antibody at 1:1000 dilution + LNCaP whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 90 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.