

MAP3K7(T187) Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP22492a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	O43318
Other Accession	A2VDU3 , P0C8E4 , Q62073 , Q5RFL3
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine, Mouse, Anthrax LF (Lethal Factor) produced by Bacillus an
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Clone Names	R05648NP
Calculated MW	67196

Additional Information

Gene ID	6885
Other Names	Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 7, 2.7.11.25, Transforming growth factor-beta-activated kinase 1, TGF-beta-activated kinase 1, MAP3K7 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:28397838, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:6859}
Target/Specificity	This MAP3K7(T187) antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from the human region of human MAP3K7(T187).
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	MAP3K7(T187) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	MAP3K7 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:28397838, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:6859}
Function	Serine/threonine kinase which acts as an essential component of the MAP

kinase signal transduction pathway (PubMed:[10094049](#), PubMed:[11460167](#), PubMed:[12589052](#), PubMed:[16845370](#), PubMed:[16893890](#), PubMed:[21512573](#), PubMed:[8663074](#), PubMed:[9079627](#)). Plays an important role in the cascades of cellular responses evoked by changes in the environment (PubMed:[10094049](#), PubMed:[11460167](#), PubMed:[12589052](#), PubMed:[16845370](#), PubMed:[16893890](#), PubMed:[21512573](#), PubMed:[8663074](#), PubMed:[9079627](#)). Mediates signal transduction of TRAF6, various cytokines including interleukin-1 (IL-1), transforming growth factor- beta (TGFB), TGFB-related factors like BMP2 and BMP4, toll-like receptors (TLR), tumor necrosis factor receptor CD40 and B-cell receptor (BCR) (PubMed:[16893890](#), PubMed:[9079627](#)). Once activated, acts as an upstream activator of the MKK/JNK signal transduction cascade and the p38 MAPK signal transduction cascade through the phosphorylation and activation of several MAP kinase kinases like MAP2K1/MEK1, MAP2K3/MKK3, MAP2K6/MKK6 and MAP2K7/MKK7 (PubMed:[11460167](#), PubMed:[8663074](#)). These MAP2Ks in turn activate p38 MAPKs and c-jun N- terminal kinases (JNKs); both p38 MAPK and JNK pathways control the transcription factors activator protein-1 (AP-1) (PubMed:[11460167](#), PubMed:[12589052](#), PubMed:[8663074](#)). Independently of MAP2Ks and p38 MAPKs, acts as a key activator of NF-kappa-B by promoting activation of the I-kappa-B-kinase (IKK) core complex (PubMed:[12589052](#), PubMed:[8663074](#)). Mechanistically, recruited to polyubiquitin chains of RIPK2 and IKBKG/NEMO via TAB2/MAP3K7IP2 and TAB3/MAP3K7IP3, and catalyzes phosphorylation and activation of IKBKB/IKKB component of the IKK complex, leading to NF-kappa-B activation (PubMed:[10094049](#), PubMed:[11460167](#)). In osmotic stress signaling, plays a major role in the activation of MAPK8/JNK1, but not that of NF-kappa-B (PubMed:[16893890](#)). Promotes TRIM5 capsid-specific restriction activity (PubMed:[21512573](#)). Phosphorylates RIPK1 at 'Ser-321' which positively regulates RIPK1 interaction with RIPK3 to promote necroptosis but negatively regulates RIPK1 kinase activity and its interaction with FADD to mediate apoptosis (By similarity). Phosphorylates STING1 in response to cGAMP-activation, promoting association between STEEP1 and STING1 and STING1 translocation to COPII vesicles (PubMed:[37832545](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Although the majority of MAP3K7/TAK1 is found in the cytosol, when complexed with TAB1/MAP3K7IP1 and TAB2/MAP3K7IP2, it is also localized at the cell membrane

Tissue Location

Isoform 1A is the most abundant in ovary, skeletal muscle, spleen and blood mononuclear cells. Isoform 1B is highly expressed in brain, kidney and small intestine. Isoform 1C is the major form in prostate. Isoform 1D is the less abundant form

Background

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References

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Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
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Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

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