

# AKR1B1 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP2735C

## Product Information

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Application	WB, IF, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P15121</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB14877
Calculated MW	35853
Antigen Region	102-135

## Additional Information

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Gene ID	231
Other Names	Aldose reductase, AR, Aldehyde reductase, Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B1, AKR1B1, ALDR1
Target/Specificity	This AKR1B1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 102-135 amino acids from the Central region of human AKR1B1.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IF~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	AKR1B1 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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Name	AKR1B1
Synonyms	ALDR1, ALR2 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:17368668}
Function	Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of a wide variety of

carbonyl-containing compounds to their corresponding alcohols. Displays enzymatic activity towards endogenous metabolites such as aromatic and aliphatic aldehydes, ketones, monosaccharides, bile acids and xenobiotics substrates. Key enzyme in the polyol pathway, catalyzes reduction of glucose to sorbitol during hyperglycemia (PubMed:[1936586](#)). Reduces steroids and their derivatives and prostaglandins. Displays low enzymatic activity toward all-trans-retinal, 9-cis-retinal, and 13-cis-retinal (PubMed:[12732097](#), PubMed:[19010934](#), PubMed:[8343525](#)). Catalyzes the reduction of diverse phospholipid aldehydes such as 1-palmitoyl-2- (5-oxovaleroyl)-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamin (POVPC) and related phospholipid aldehydes that are generated from the oxydation of phosphotidylcholine and phosphatidylethanolamides (PubMed:[17381426](#)). Plays a role in detoxifying dietary and lipid-derived unsaturated carbonyls, such as crotonaldehyde, 4-hydroxynonenal, trans-2-hexenal, trans-2,4-hexadienal and their glutathione-conjugates carbonyls (GS- carbonyls) (PubMed:[21329684](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm.

#### Tissue Location

Highly expressed in embryonic epithelial cells (EUE) in response to osmotic stress.

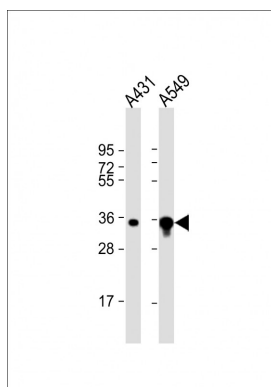
## Background

AKR1B1 is a member of the aldo/keto reductase superfamily, which consists of more than 40 known enzymes and proteins. This protein catalyzes the reduction of a number of aldehydes, including the aldehyde form of glucose, and is thereby implicated in the development of diabetic complications by catalyzing the reduction of glucose to sorbitol.

## References

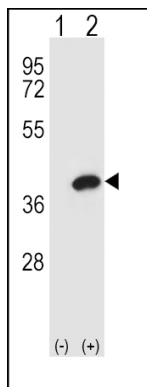
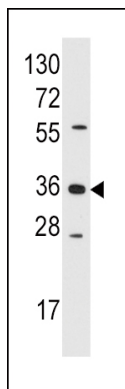
Steuber,H.J. Mol. Biol. 379 (5), 991-1016 (2008)  
 Gleissner,C.A.,Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol. 28 (6), 1137-1143 (2008)  
 Grundmann,U.,DNA Cell Biol. 9 (3), 149-157 (1990)

## Images

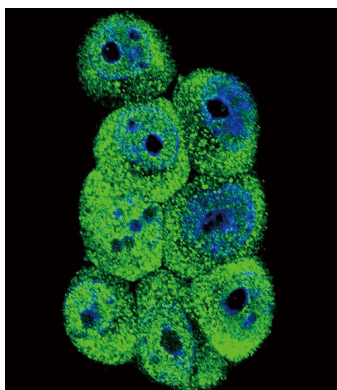


All lanes : Anti-AKR1B1 Antibody (Center) at 1:8000 dilution Lane 1: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 2: A549 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 36 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

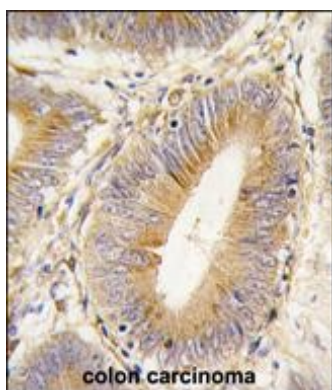
Western blot analysis of anti-AKR1B1 Pab (Cat.#AP2735c) in Jurkat cell line lysates (35ug/lane).AKR1B1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Western blot analysis of AKR1B1 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal AKR1B1 Antibody (Center) (Cat.#AP2735c). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the AKR1B1 gene.



Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of AKR1B1 Antibody (Center)(Cat#AP2735c) with 293 cell followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human colon carcinoma tissue reacted with AKR1B1 antibody (Center) (Cat.#AP2735c), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.