

# Phospho-mouse FADD(S191) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3103a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** Q61160 Reactivity Mouse Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB6864 **Calculated MW** 22960

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 14082

Other Names FAS-associated death domain protein, FAS-associating death

domain-containing protein, Mediator of receptor induced toxicity, Protein

FADD, Fadd, Mort1

**Target/Specificity** This mouse FADD Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues

surrounding S191 of mouse FADD.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Phospho-mouse FADD(S191) Antibody is for research use only and not for use

in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name Fadd {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8649383, ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:109324}

**Function** Apoptotic adapter molecule that recruits caspases CASP8 or CASP10 to the

activated FAS/CD95 or TNFRSF1A/TNFR-1 receptors. The resulting aggregate called the death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs CASP8

proteolytic activation. Active CASP8 initiates the subsequent cascade of

caspases mediating apoptosis. Involved in interferon-mediated antiviral immune response, playing a role in the positive regulation of interferon signaling.

**Cellular Location** 

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q13158}.

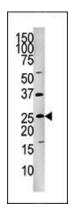
# **Background**

FADD is an apoptotic adaptor molecule that recruits caspase-8 or caspase-10 to the activated Fas (CD95) or TNFR-1 receptors. The resulting aggregate called the death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation. Active caspase-8 initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis.

## References

Zhang J., Winoto A. Mol. Cell. Biol. 16:2756-2763(1996). Hsu H., et al. Cell 84:299-308(1996). Jeong E.-J., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 274:16337-16342(1999).

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of anti-mFADD Pab (Cat. #AP3103a) in mouse heart tissue lysate.mFADD(arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.