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Phospho-p16-INK4A(S140) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP3183a

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	P42771
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	16533

Additional Information

Gene ID	1029
Other Names	Cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A, isoforms 1/2/3, Cyclin-dependent kinase 4 inhibitor A, CDK4I, Multiple tumor suppressor 1, MTS-1, p16-INK4a, p16-INK4, p16INK4A, CDKN2A, CDKN2, MTS1
Target/Specificity	This p16-INK4A Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S140 of human p16-INK4A.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Phospho-p16-INK4A(S140) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CDKN2A (HGNC:1787)
Synonyms	CDKN2, MTS1
Function	Acts as a negative regulator of the proliferation of normal cells by interacting strongly with CDK4 and CDK6. This inhibits their ability to interact with cyclins D and to phosphorylate the retinoblastoma protein.

Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus
Tissue Location	Widely expressed but not detected in brain or skeletal muscle. Isoform 3 is pancreas-specific

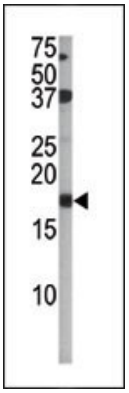
Background

p16-INK4A functions as a stabilizer of the tumor suppressor protein p53 as it can interact with, and sequester, MDM1, a protein responsible for the degradation of p53. This protein acts as a negative regulator of the proliferation of normal cells by interacting strongly with CDK4 and CDK6. This inhibits their ability to interact with cyclins D and to phosphorylate the retinoblastoma protein. The gene for this protein is frequently mutated or deleted in a wide variety of tumors, and is known to be an important tumor suppressor gene.

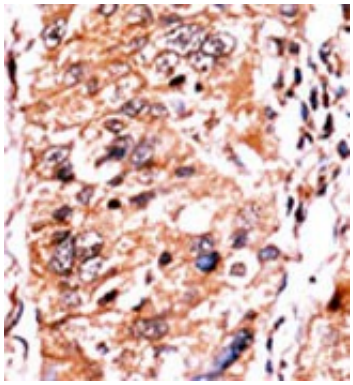
References

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Wang, J.L., et al., Mod. Pathol. 18(5):629-637 (2005).
Kuroda, H., et al., Cancer Genet. Cytogenet. 158(2):172-179 (2005).
Fu, G.H., et al., FEBS Lett. 579(10):2105-2110 (2005).

Images



The anti-Phospho-p16-INK4A-S140 Pab (Cat. #AP3183a) is used in Western blot to detect Phospho-p16-INK4A-S140 in A2058 tissue lysate



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

Citations

- The atr protein kinase controls UV-dependent upregulation of p16INK4A through inhibition of Skp2-related polyubiquitination/degradation.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.