

# Phospho-RAD9(S272) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3223a

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, E **Primary Accession** Q99638 **Other Accession** Q4R5X9 Reactivity Human **Predicted** Monkey Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Calculated MW** 42547

### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 5883

**Other Names** Cell cycle checkpoint control protein RAD9A, hRAD9, DNA repair exonuclease

rad9 homolog A, RAD9A

**Target/Specificity** This RAD9 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues

surrounding S272 of human RAD9.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Phospho-RAD9(S272) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name RAD9A

**Function** Component of the 9-1-1 cell-cycle checkpoint response complex that plays a

major role in DNA repair (PubMed:<u>10713044</u>, PubMed:<u>17575048</u>, PubMed:<u>20545769</u>, PubMed:<u>21659603</u>, PubMed:<u>31135337</u>). The 9-1-1 complex is recruited to DNA lesion upon damage by the RAD17- replication

factor C (RFC) clamp loader complex (PubMed:21659603). Acts then as a sliding clamp platform on DNA for several proteins involved in long-patch base excision repair (LP-BER) (PubMed:21659603). The 9-1- 1 complex stimulates DNA polymerase beta (POLB) activity by increasing its affinity for the 3'-OH end of the primer-template and stabilizes POLB to those sites where LP-BER proceeds; endonuclease FEN1 cleavage activity on substrates with double, nick, or gap flaps of distinct sequences and lengths; and DNA ligase I (LIG1) on long-patch base excision repair substrates (PubMed:21659603). The 9-1-1 complex is necessary for the recruitment of RHNO1 to sites of double-stranded breaks (DSB) occurring during the S phase (PubMed:21659603). RAD9A possesses 3'->5' double stranded DNA exonuclease activity (PubMed:10713044).

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus.

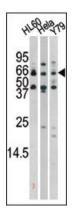
# **Background**

Rad9 is highly similar to Schizosaccharomyces pombe rad9, a cell cycle checkpoint protein required for cell cycle arrest and DNA damage repair in response to DNA damage. This protein is found to possess 3' to 5' exonuclease activity, which may contribute to its role in sensing and repairing DNA damage. It forms a checkpoint protein complex with RAD1 and HUS1. This complex is recruited by checkpoint protein RAD17 to the sites of DNA damage, which is thought to be important for triggering the checkpoint-signaling cascade.

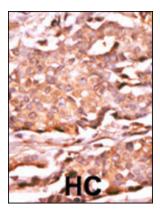
### References

Maniwa, Y., et al., Cancer 103(1):126-132 (2005). Wang, W., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(48):16762-16767 (2004). Lindsey-Boltz, L.A., et al., (er) Nucleic Acids Res. 32(15):4524-4530 (2004). Toueille, M., et al., (er) Nucleic Acids Res. 32(11):3316-3324 (2004). Loegering, D., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(18):18641-18647 (2004).

## **Images**



The anti-Phospho-Rad9-S272 Pab (Cat. #AP3223a) is used in Western blot to detect Phospho-Rad9-S272 in HL60 (left), Hela(middle), and Y79(right)tissue lysates.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma.

## **Citations**

- Tousled-like kinase-dependent phosphorylation of Rad9 plays a role in cell cycle progression and G2/M checkpoint
- Efficient herpes simplex virus 1 replication requires cellular ATR pathway proteins.
  The basic cleft of RPA70N binds multiple checkpoint proteins, including RAD9, to regulate ATR signaling.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.