

Phospho-RAD9(S328) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3225a

Product Information

Application WB, DB, IHC-P, E

Primary Accession

Reactivity

Host

Clonality

Isotype

Clone Names

Calculated MW

Reactivity

Human

Rabbit

Rabbit

Rabbit

Rabbit IgG

RB7115

42547

Additional Information

Gene ID 5883

Other Names Cell cycle checkpoint control protein RAD9A, hRAD9, DNA repair exonuclease

rad9 homolog A, RAD9A

Target/Specificity This RAD9 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues

surrounding S328 of human RAD9.

Dilution WB~~1:1000 DB~~1:500 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This

antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity

purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Phospho-RAD9(S328) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name RAD9A

Function Component of the 9-1-1 cell-cycle checkpoint response complex that plays a

major role in DNA repair (PubMed: 10713044, PubMed: 17575048, PubMed: 20545769, PubMed: 21659603, PubMed: 31135337). The 9-1-1 complex is recruited to DNA lesion upon damage by the RAD17- replication

factor C (RFC) clamp loader complex (PubMed:<u>21659603</u>). Acts then as a sliding clamp platform on DNA for several proteins involved in long-patch base excision repair (LP-BER) (PubMed:<u>21659603</u>). The 9-1- 1 complex stimulates DNA polymerase beta (POLB) activity by increasing its affinity for the 3'-OH end of the primer-template and stabilizes POLB to those sites where LP-BER proceeds; endonuclease FEN1 cleavage activity on substrates with double, nick, or gap flaps of distinct sequences and lengths; and DNA ligase I (LIG1) on long-patch base excision repair substrates (PubMed:<u>21659603</u>). The 9-1-1 complex is necessary for the recruitment of RHNO1 to sites of double-stranded breaks (DSB) occurring during the S phase (PubMed:<u>21659603</u>). RAD9A possesses 3'->5' double stranded DNA exonuclease activity (PubMed:<u>10713044</u>).

Cellular Location

Nucleus.

Background

Rad9 is highly similar to Schizosaccharomyces pombe rad9, a cell cycle checkpoint protein required for cell cycle arrest and DNA damage repair in response to DNA damage. This protein is found to possess 3' to 5' exonuclease activity, which may contribute to its role in sensing and repairing DNA damage. It forms a checkpoint protein complex with RAD1 and HUS1. This complex is recruited by checkpoint protein RAD17 to the sites of DNA damage, which is thought to be important for triggering the checkpoint-signaling cascade.

References

Meng, Y. et al. BMC Cell Biol. 10-96(2009).

Maniwa, Y., et al., Cancer 103(1):126-132 (2005).

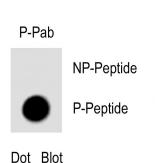
Wang, W., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(48):16762-16767 (2004).

Lindsey-Boltz, L.A., et al., (er) Nucleic Acids Res. 32(15):4524-4530 (2004).

Toueille, M., et al., (er) Nucleic Acids Res. 32(11):3316-3324 (2004).

Loegering, D., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(18):18641-18647 (2004).

Images



Dot blot analysis of Phospho-RAD9(S328) Phospho-specific Pab (Cat. AP3225a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antobodies working concentration was 0. 5ug per ml

Citations

- TLK1B mediated phosphorylation of Rad9 regulates its nuclear/cytoplasmic localization and cell cycle checkpoint.
- Phenothiazine Inhibitors of TLKs Affect Double-Strand Break Repair and DNA Damage Response Recovery and Potentiate Tumor Killing with Radiomimetic Therapy.

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