

Phospho-Wee1(S53) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3285a

Product Information

| Application | WB, DB, IHC-P, E |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Primary Accession | <u>P30291</u> |
| Other Accession | <u>Q63802</u> , <u>P47810</u> |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Predicted | Mouse, Rat |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Calculated MW | 71597 |

Additional Information

| Gene ID | 7465 |
|--------------------|--|
| Other Names | Wee1-like protein kinase, WEE1hu, Wee1A kinase, WEE1 |
| Target/Specificity | This Wee1 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding S53 of human Wee1. |
| Dilution | WB~~1:1000 DB~~1:500 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration. |
| Format | Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification. |
| Storage | Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Precautions | Phospho-Wee1(S53) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

Protein Information

| Name | WEE1 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:8348613, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:12761} |
|----------|---|
| Function | Acts as a negative regulator of entry into mitosis (G2 to M transition) by protecting the nucleus from cytoplasmically activated cyclin B1-complexed CDK1 before the onset of mitosis by mediating phosphorylation of CDK1 on 'Tyr-15' (PubMed: <u>15070733</u> , PubMed: <u>7743995</u> , PubMed: <u>8348613</u> , |

PubMed:<u>8428596</u>). Specifically phosphorylates and inactivates cyclin B1-complexed CDK1 reaching a maximum during G2 phase and a minimum as cells enter M phase (PubMed:<u>7743995</u>, PubMed:<u>8348613</u>, PubMed:<u>8428596</u>). Phosphorylation of cyclin B1-CDK1 occurs exclusively on 'Tyr-15' and phosphorylation of monomeric CDK1 does not occur (PubMed:<u>7743995</u>, PubMed:<u>8348613</u>, PubMed:<u>8428596</u>). Its activity increases during S and G2 phases and decreases at M phase when it is hyperphosphorylated (PubMed:<u>7743995</u>). A correlated decrease in protein level occurs at M/G1 phase, probably due to its degradation (PubMed:<u>7743995</u>).

Cellular Location

Nucleus.

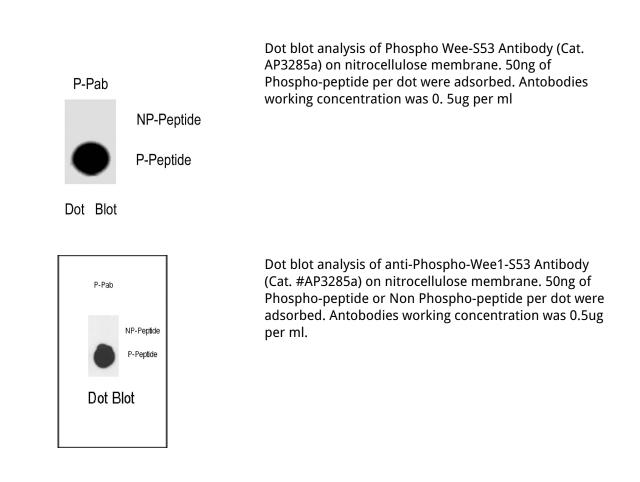
Background

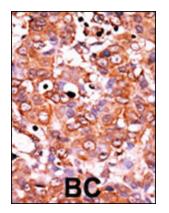
This gene encodes a nuclear protein, which is a tyrosine kinase belonging to the Ser/Thr family of protein kinases. This protein catalyzes the inhibitory tyrosine phosphorylation of CDC2/cyclin B kinase, and appears to coordinate the transition between DNA replication and mitosis by protecting the nucleus from cytoplasmically activated CDC2 kinase.

References

Dai, X., et al., J. Invest. Dermatol. 122(6):1356-1364 (2004). Watanabe, N., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 101(13):4419-4424 (2004). Yoshida, T., et al., Ann. Oncol. 15(2):252-256 (2004). Kawasaki, H., et al., Oncogene 22(44):6839-6844 (2003). Yuan, H., et al., J. Virol. 77(3):2063-2070 (2003).

Images





Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma; HC = hepatocarcinoma

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