

# Phospho-BRAF(S445) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3418a

### **Product Information**

**Application** DB, E **Primary Accession** P15056

Other Accession P28028, 004982

Reactivity Human

**Predicted** Chicken, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB11473
Calculated MW 84437

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID 673

Other Names Serine/threonine-protein kinase B-raf, Proto-oncogene B-Raf, p94, v-Raf

murine sarcoma viral oncogene homolog B1, BRAF, BRAF1, RAFB1

**Target/Specificity**This BRAF Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues

surrounding S445 of human BRAF.

**Dilution** DB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Phospho-BRAF(S445) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name BRAF ( HGNC:1097)

Synonyms BRAF1, RAFB1

**Function** Protein kinase involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the

cell membrane to the nucleus (Probable). Phosphorylates MAP2K1, and thereby activates the MAP kinase signal transduction pathway (PubMed:21441910, PubMed:29433126). Phosphorylates PFKFB2 (PubMed:36402789). May play a role in the postsynaptic responses of hippocampal neurons (PubMed:1508179).

Cellular Location Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Note=Colocalizes with RGS14 and RAF1

in both the cytoplasm and membranes.

**Tissue Location** Brain and testis.

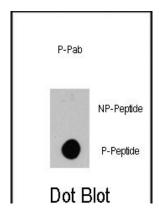
# **Background**

BRAF is involved in the transduction of mitogenic signals from the cell membrane to the nucleus. It may play a role in the postsynaptic responses of hippocampal neuron. Defects in BRAF are a cause of cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome (CFC syndrome), and a wide range of cancers such as lung cancer, non-Hodgkins lymphoma, and colorectal cancer.

#### References

Loewe, R., et al., J. Invest. Dermatol. 123(4):733-736 (2004). Yamaguchi, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(39):40419-40430 (2004). Frattini, M., et al., Oncogene 23(44):7436-7440 (2004). Tsavachidou, D., et al., Cancer Res. 64(16):5556-5559 (2004). Gear, H., et al., Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci. 45(8):2484-2488 (2004).

# **Images**



Dot blot analysis of anti-BRAF-pS445 Phospho-specific Pab (Cat.#AP3418a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.