

# Phospho-E2F1(S332) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3485a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** DB, E **Primary Accession** Q01094 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Clone Names** RB8110 **Calculated MW** 46920

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1869

Other Names Transcription factor E2F1, E2F-1, PBR3, Retinoblastoma-associated protein 1,

RBAP-1, Retinoblastoma-binding protein 3, RBBP-3, pRB-binding protein

E2F-1, E2F1, RBBP3

Target/Specificity This E2F1 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues

surrounding S332 of human E2F1.

**Dilution** DB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Phospho-E2F1(S332) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name E2F1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:8964493, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:3113}

**Function** Transcription activator that binds DNA cooperatively with DP proteins

through the E2 recognition site, 5'-TTTC[CG]CGC-3' found in the promoter region of a number of genes whose products are involved in cell cycle regulation or in DNA replication (PubMed: 10675335, PubMed: 12717439,

PubMed:17050006, PubMed:17704056, PubMed:18625225, PubMed:28992046). The DRTF1/E2F complex functions in the control of cell-cycle progression from G1 to S phase (PubMed:10675335, PubMed:12717439, PubMed:17704056). E2F1 binds preferentially RB1 in a cell-cycle dependent manner (PubMed:10675335, PubMed:12717439, PubMed:17704056). It can mediate both cell proliferation and TP53/p53-dependent apoptosis (PubMed:8170954). Blocks adipocyte differentiation by binding to specific promoters repressing CEBPA binding to its target gene promoters (PubMed:20176812). Directly activates transcription of PEG10 (PubMed:17050006, PubMed:18625225, PubMed:28992046). Positively regulates transcription of RRP1B (PubMed:20040599).

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus

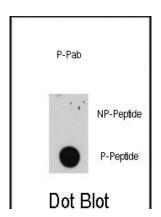
### **Background**

E2F1 is a member of the E2F family of transcription factors. The E2F family plays a crucial role in the control of cell cycle and action of tumor suppressor proteins and is also a target of the transforming proteins of small DNA tumor viruses. The E2F proteins contain several evolutionally conserved domains found in most members of the family. These domains include a DNA binding domain, a dimerization domain which determines interaction with the differentiation regulated transcription factor proteins (DP), a transactivation domain enriched in acidic amino acids, and a tumor suppressor protein association domain which is embedded within the transactivation domain. This protein and another 2 members, E2F2 and E2F3, have an additional cyclin binding domain. This protein binds preferentially to retinoblastoma protein pRB in a cell-cycle dependent manner. It can mediate both cell proliferation and p53-dependent/independent apoptosis.

#### References

O'Donnell, K.A., et al., Nature 435(7043):839-843 (2005). Wang, C., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 280(13):12339-12343 (2005). Joshi, B., et al., Oncogene 24(13):2204-2217 (2005). Saberwal, G., et al., Int. J. Hematol. 80(2):146-154 (2004). Chaussepied, M., et al., Mol. Cell 16(5):831-837 (2004).

## **Images**



Dot blot analysis of anti-E2F1-pS332 Pab (RB08110) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.