

# Phospho-IRS2(Y978) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP3596a

## Product Information

---

<b>Application</b>	WB, DB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9Y4H2</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">P81122</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Predicted</b>	Mouse
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clone Names</b>	RB15626
<b>Calculated MW</b>	137334

## Additional Information

---

<b>Gene ID</b>	8660
<b>Other Names</b>	Insulin receptor substrate 2, IRS-2, IRS2
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This IRS2 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding Y978 of human IRS2.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000 DB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	Phospho-IRS2(Y978) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

---

<b>Name</b>	IRS2
<b>Function</b>	Signaling adapter protein that participates in the signal transduction from two prominent receptor tyrosine kinases, insulin receptor/INSR and insulin-like growth factor I receptor/IGF1R (PubMed: <a href="#">25879670</a> ). Plays therefore an important role in development, growth, glucose homeostasis as

well as lipid metabolism (PubMed:[24616100](#)). Upon phosphorylation by the insulin receptor, functions as a signaling scaffold that propagates insulin action through binding to SH2 domain-containing proteins including the p85 regulatory subunit of PI3K, NCK1, NCK2, GRB2 or SHP2 (PubMed:[15316008](#), PubMed:[19109239](#)). Recruitment of GRB2 leads to the activation of the guanine nucleotide exchange factor SOS1 which in turn triggers the Ras/Raf/MEK/MAPK signaling cascade (By similarity). Activation of the PI3K/AKT pathway is responsible for most of insulin metabolic effects in the cell, and the Ras/Raf/MEK/MAPK is involved in the regulation of gene expression and in cooperation with the PI3K pathway regulates cell growth and differentiation. Acts a positive regulator of the Wnt/beta- catenin signaling pathway through suppression of DVL2 autophagy- mediated degradation leading to cell proliferation (PubMed:[24616100](#)). Plays a role in cell cycle progression by promoting a robust spindle assembly checkpoint (SAC) during M-phase (PubMed:[32554797](#)). In macrophages, IL4-induced tyrosine phosphorylation of IRS2 leads to the recruitment and activation of phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K) (PubMed:[19109239](#)).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P81122}

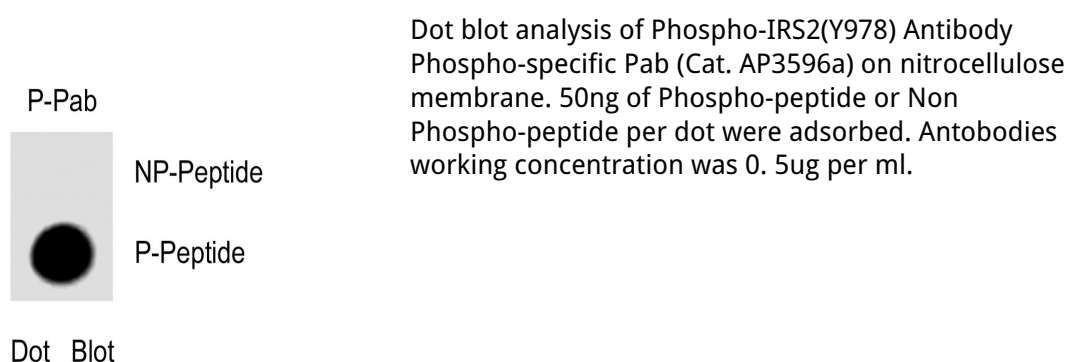
## Background

Insulin receptor substrate 2, a cytoplasmic signaling molecule that mediates effects of insulin, insulin-like growth factor 1, and other cytokines by acting as a molecular adaptor between diverse receptor tyrosine kinases and downstream effectors. This protein is phosphorylated by the insulin receptor tyrosine kinase upon receptor stimulation, as well as by an interleukin 4 receptor-associated kinase in response to IL4 treatment.

## References

Hagg,D.A., Int. J. Mol. Med. 21 (6), 697-704 (2008)  
 Plataniias,L.C., J. Biol. Chem. 271 (1), 278-282 (1996)  
 Sun,X.J., Nature 377 (6545), 173-177 (1995)

## Images



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.