

# Phospho-E2F1(H357) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP3698a

## Product Information

Application	DB, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q01094</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB07916
Calculated MW	46920

## Additional Information

Gene ID	1869
Other Names	Transcription factor E2F1, E2F-1, PBR3, Retinoblastoma-associated protein 1, RBAP-1, Retinoblastoma-binding protein 3, RBBP-3, pRB-binding protein E2F-1, E2F1, RBBP3
Target/Specificity	This E2F1 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues surrounding H357 of human E2F1.
Dilution	DB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Phospho-E2F1(H357) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

Name	E2F1 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:8964493, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:3113}
Function	Transcription activator that binds DNA cooperatively with DP proteins through the E2 recognition site, 5'-TTTC[CG]CGC-3' found in the promoter region of a number of genes whose products are involved in cell cycle regulation or in DNA replication (PubMed: <a href="#">10675335</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12717439</a> ,

PubMed:[17050006](#), PubMed:[17704056](#), PubMed:[18625225](#), PubMed:[28992046](#)). The DRTF1/E2F complex functions in the control of cell-cycle progression from G1 to S phase (PubMed:[10675335](#), PubMed:[12717439](#), PubMed:[17704056](#)). E2F1 binds preferentially RB1 in a cell-cycle dependent manner (PubMed:[10675335](#), PubMed:[12717439](#), PubMed:[17704056](#)). It can mediate both cell proliferation and TP53/p53-dependent apoptosis (PubMed:[8170954](#)). Blocks adipocyte differentiation by binding to specific promoters repressing CEBPA binding to its target gene promoters (PubMed:[20176812](#)). Directly activates transcription of PEG10 (PubMed:[17050006](#), PubMed:[18625225](#), PubMed:[28992046](#)). Positively regulates transcription of RRP1B (PubMed:[20040599](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus

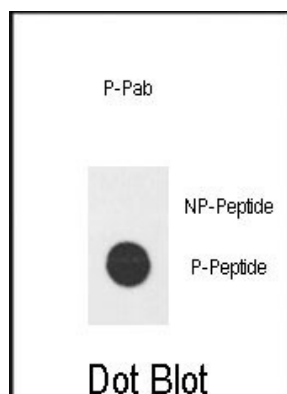
## Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the E2F family of transcription factors. The E2F family plays a crucial role in the control of cell cycle and action of tumor suppressor proteins and is also a target of the transforming proteins of small DNA tumor viruses. The E2F proteins contain several evolutionally conserved domains found in most members of the family. These domains include a DNA binding domain, a dimerization domain which determines interaction with the differentiation regulated transcription factor proteins (DP), a transactivation domain enriched in acidic amino acids, and a tumor suppressor protein association domain which is embedded within the transactivation domain. This protein and another 2 members, E2F2 and E2F3, have an additional cyclin binding domain. This protein binds preferentially to retinoblastoma protein pRB in a cell-cycle dependent manner. It can mediate both cell proliferation and p53-dependent/independent apoptosis.

## References

Pulikkan, J.A., et al. Blood 115(9):1768-1778(2010)  
Paik, J.C., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(9):6348-6363(2010)  
Alla, V., et al. J. Natl. Cancer Inst. 102(2):127-133(2010)  
Zhou, C., et al. Mol. Endocrinol. 23(12):2000-2012(2009)  
Yang, X., et al. Genes Dev. 23(20):2388-2393(2009)  
Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006)

## Images



Dot blot analysis of Phospho-hE2F1-H357 Pab (Cat. #AP3698a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.5ug per ml.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.