

Phospho-MYH9(Y158) Antibody

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP3775a

Product Information

Application DB, E Primary Accession P35579

Other Accession <u>Q62812</u>, <u>Q8VDD5</u>, <u>P14105</u>, <u>NP 002464.1</u>

Reactivity Human

Predicted Chicken, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeRabbit IgGClone NamesRB36361Calculated MW226532

Additional Information

Gene ID 4627

Other Names Myosin-9, Cellular myosin heavy chain, type A, Myosin heavy chain 9, Myosin

heavy chain, non-muscle IIa, Non-muscle myosin heavy chain A, NMMHC-A, Non-muscle myosin heavy chain IIa, NMMHC II-a, NMMHC-IIA, MYH9

Target/Specificity This MYH9 Antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to amino acid residues

surrounding Y158 of human MYH9.

Dilution DB~~1:500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide

affinity purification.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Phospho-MYH9(Y158) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name MYH9

Function Cellular myosin that appears to play a role in cytokinesis, cell shape, and

specialized functions such as secretion and capping. Required for cortical

actin clearance prior to oocyte exocytosis (By similarity). Promotes cell motility in conjunction with S100A4 (PubMed:16707441). During cell spreading, plays an important role in cytoskeleton reorganization, focal contact formation (in the margins but not the central part of spreading cells), and lamellipodial retraction; this function is mechanically antagonized by MYH10 (PubMed:20052411).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cell cortex

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q8VDD5}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, Cortical granule {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q8VDD5}. Cell membrane Note=Colocalizes with actin filaments at lamellipodia margins and at the leading edge of migrating cells (PubMed:20052411). In retinal pigment epithelial cells, predominantly localized to stress fiber-like structures with

some localization to cytoplasmic puncta (PubMed:27331610).

Tissue Location In the kidney, expressed in the glomeruli. Also expressed in leukocytes.

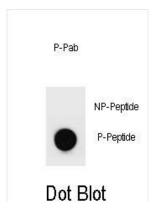
Background

This gene encodes a myosin IIA heavy chain that contains an IQ domain and a myosin head-like domain. The protein is involved in several important functions, including cytokinesis, cell motility and maintenance of cell shape. Defects in MYH9 are the cause of non-syndromic sensorineural deafness autosomal dominant type 17, Epstein syndrome, Alport syndrome with macrothrombocytopenia, Sebastian syndrome, Fechtner syndrome and macrothrombocytopenia with progressive sensorineural deafness.

References

Arii, J., et al. Nature 467(7317):859-862(2010) Genovese, G., et al. Kidney Int. 78(7):698-704(2010) Tzur, S., et al. Hum. Genet. 128(3):345-350(2010) Bostrom, M.A., et al. Hum. Genet. 128(2):195-204(2010) Oleksyk, T.K., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (7), E11474 (2010) :

Images



Dot blot analysis of Phospho-MYH9-Y158 Antibody Phospho-specific Pab (Cat. #AP3775a) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antibody working concentrations are 0.6ug per ml.

Citations

• <u>Src-dependent Tyrosine Phosphorylation of Non-muscle Myosin Heavy Chain-IIA Restricts Listeria monocytogenes Cellular Infection.</u>

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