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Phospho-MAP3K7IP1-pS423

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP3929a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q15750
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit Ig
Clone Names	R05048P
Calculated MW	54644

Additional Information

Gene ID	10454
Other Names	TGF-beta-activated kinase 1 and MAP3K7-binding protein 1, Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 7-interacting protein 1, TGF-beta-activated kinase 1-binding protein 1, TAK1-binding protein 1, TAB1, MAP3K7IP1
Target/Specificity	This antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between amino acids from human.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Phospho-MAP3K7IP1-pS423 is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	TAB1
Synonyms	MAP3K7IP1
Function	Key adapter protein that plays an essential role in JNK and NF-kappa-B activation and proinflammatory cytokines production in response to stimulation with TLRs and cytokines (PubMed:22307082, PubMed:24403530). Mechanistically, associates with the catalytic domain of MAP3K7/TAK1 to trigger MAP3K7/TAK1 autophosphorylation leading to its full activation

	(PubMed:10838074, PubMed:25260751, PubMed:37832545). Similarly, associates with MAPK14 and triggers its autophosphorylation and subsequent activation (PubMed:11847341, PubMed:29229647). In turn, MAPK14 phosphorylates TAB1 and inhibits MAP3K7/TAK1 activation in a feedback control mechanism (PubMed:14592977). Also plays a role in recruiting MAPK14 to the TAK1 complex for the phosphorylation of the TAB2 and TAB3 regulatory subunits (PubMed:18021073).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytosol. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Note=Recruited to the endoplasmic reticulum following interaction with STING1
Tissue Location	Ubiquitous..

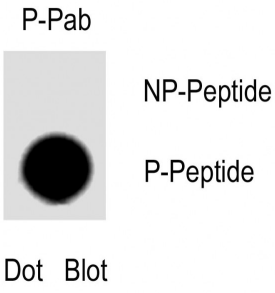
Background

Key adapter protein that plays an essential role in JNK and NF-kappa-B activation and proinflammatory cytokines production in response to stimulation with TLRs and cytokines (PubMed:22307082, PubMed:24403530). Mechanistically, associates with the catalytic domain of MAP3K7/TAK1 to trigger MAP3K7/TAK1 autophosphorylation leading to its full activation (PubMed:10838074, PubMed:25260751, PubMed:37832545). Similarly, associates with MAPK14 and triggers its autophosphorylation and subsequent activation (PubMed:11847341, PubMed:29229647). In turn, MAPK14 phosphorylates TAB1 and inhibits MAP3K7/TAK1 activation in a feedback control mechanism (PubMed:14592977). Also plays a role in recruiting MAPK14 to the TAK1 complex for the phosphorylation of the TAB2 and TAB3 regulatory subunits (PubMed:18021073).

References

Shibuya H.,et al.Science 272:1179-1182(1996).
Ge B.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 278:2286-2293(2003).
Dunham I.,et al.Nature 402:489-495(1999).
Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Ninomiya-Tsuji J.,et al.Nature 398:252-256(1999).

Images



Dot blot analysis of Phospho-MAP3K7IP1-pS423 (Cat.) on nitrocellulose membrane. 50ng of Phospho-peptide or Non Phospho-peptide per dot were adsorbed. Antobodies working concentration was 0. 5ug per ml.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.