

Caveolin-1 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP50008

Product Information

Application	WB, IF
Primary Accession	<u>Q03135</u>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Calculated MW	20472

Additional Information

Gene ID	857
Other Names	Caveolin-1, CAV1, CAV
Dilution	WB~~ 1:1000 IF~~1:100
Format	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	CAV1
Synonyms	CAV
Function	May act as a scaffolding protein within caveolar membranes (PubMed: <u>11751885</u>). Forms a stable heterooligomeric complex with CAV2 that targets to lipid rafts and drives caveolae formation. Mediates the recruitment of CAVIN proteins (CAVIN1/2/3/4) to the caveolae (PubMed: <u>19262564</u>). Interacts directly with G-protein alpha subunits and can functionally regulate their activity (By similarity). Involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-cell receptor (TCR)-mediated T-cell activation. Its binding to DPP4 induces T-cell proliferation and NF-kappa-B activation in a T-cell receptor/CD3-dependent manner (PubMed: <u>17287217</u>). Recruits CTNNB1 to caveolar membranes and may regulate CTNNB1-mediated signaling through the Wnt pathway (By similarity). Negatively regulates TGFB1-mediated activation of SMAD2/3 by mediating the internalization of TGFBR1 from membrane rafts leading to its subsequent degradation (PubMed: <u>25893292</u>). Binds 20(S)- hydroxycholesterol (20(S)-OHC) (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Golgi apparatus membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cell membrane;

	Peripheral membrane protein. Membrane, caveola; Peripheral membrane protein. Membrane raft. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P33724} Note=Colocalized with DPP4 in membrane rafts. Potential hairpin-like structure in the membrane. Membrane protein of caveolae
Tissue Location	Skeletal muscle, liver, stomach, lung, kidney and heart (at protein level). Expressed in the brain

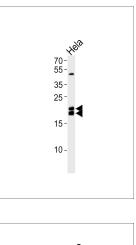
Background

May act as a scaffolding protein within caveolar membranes. Interacts directly with G-protein alpha subunits and can functionally regulate their activity (By similarity). Involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-cell receptor (TCR)- mediated T-cell activation. Its binding to DPP4 induces T-cell proliferation and NF-kappa-B activation in a T-cell receptor/CD3- dependent manner. Recruits CTNNB1 to caveolar membranes and may regulate CTNNB1-mediated signaling through the Wnt pathway.

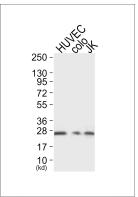
References

Glenney J.R. Jr., et al.FEBS Lett. 314:45-48(1992). Hurlstone A.F., et al.Oncogene 18:1881-1890(1999). Engelman J.A., et al.FEBS Lett. 448:221-230(1999). Kalnine N., et al.Submitted (MAY-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Vainonen J.P., et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 320:480-486(2004).

Images

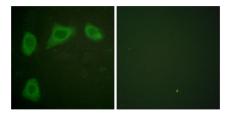


Western blot analysis of lysate from Hela cell line, using Caveolin-1 Antibody(C0139). C0139 was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35 ug.



Western blot analysis of extracts from HUVEC cells (Lane 1), colo cells (Lane 2) and JK cells (Lane 3), using Caveolin-1 Antibody. The lane on the left is treated with synthesized peptide.

Immunofluorescence analysis of HuvEc cells, using Caveolin-1 antibody.



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