



Keratin 17 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP50190

Product Information

Application WB, IF, IHC Primary Accession Q04695

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalitypolyclonalCalculated MW48106

Additional Information

Gene ID 3872

Other Names Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 17, Cytokeratin-17, CK-17, Keratin-17, K17, KRT17

Dilution WB~~ 1:1000 IF~~1:100 IHC~~1:50-1:100

Format Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4,

150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name KRT17

Function Type I keratin involved in the formation and maintenance of various skin

appendages, specifically in determining shape and orientation of hair (By similarity). Required for the correct growth of hair follicles, in particular for the persistence of the anagen (growth) state (By similarity). Modulates the function of TNF-alpha in the specific context of hair cycling. Regulates protein synthesis and epithelial cell growth through binding to the adapter protein SFN and by stimulating Akt/mTOR pathway (By similarity). Involved in tissue repair. May be a marker of basal cell differentiation in complex epithelia and therefore indicative of a certain type of epithelial 'stem cells'. Acts as a promoter of epithelial proliferation by acting a regulator of immune response in skin: promotes Th1/Th17-dominated immune environment contributing to the development of basaloid skin tumors (By similarity). May act as an autoantigen in the immunopathogenesis of psoriasis, with certain peptide regions being a major target for autoreactive T-cells and hence causing their proliferation.

Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9QWL7}.

Tissue Location

Expressed in the outer root sheath and medulla region of hair follicle specifically from eyebrow and beard, digital pulp, nail matrix and nail bed epithelium, mucosal stratified squamous epithelia and in basal cells of oral epithelium, palmoplantar epidermis and sweat and mammary glands. Also expressed in myoepithelium of prostate, basal layer of urinary bladder, cambial cells of sebaceous gland and in exocervix (at protein level)

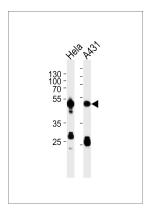
Background

May play a role in the formation and maintenance of various skin appendages, specifically in determining shape and orientation of hair. May be a marker of basal cell differentiation in complex epithelia and therefore indicative of a certain type of epithelial "stem cells". May act as an autoantigen in the immunopathogenesis of psoriasis, with certain peptide regions being a major target for autoreactive T-cells and hence causing their proliferation. Required for the correct growth of hair follicles, in particular for the persistence of the anagen (growth) state. Modulates the function of TNF-alpha in the specific context of hair cycling. Regulates protein synthesis and epithelial cell growth through binding to the adapter protein SFN and by stimulating Akt/mTOR pathway. Involved in tissue repair (By similarity).

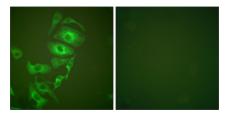
References

Troyanovsky S.M.,et al.Eur. J. Cell Biol. 59:127-137(1992). Flohr T.,et al.Eur. J. Immunol. 22:975-979(1992). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Zody M.C.,et al.Nature 440:1045-1049(2006). McLean W.H.I.,et al.Nat. Genet. 9:273-278(1995).

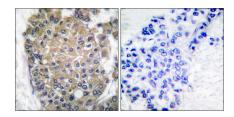
Images



Western blot analysis of lysates from Hela,A431 cell line (from left to right),using Keratin 17 Antibody(C0242). C0242 was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysates at 35ug per lane.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using keratin 17 antibody .



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using keratin 17 antibody

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