

Catenin-y Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP50192

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<u>P14923</u>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	polyclonal
Calculated MW	81745

Additional Information

Gene ID	3728
Other Names	Junction plakoglobin, Catenin gamma, Desmoplakin III, Desmoplakin-3, JUP, CTNNG, DP3
Dilution	WB~~ 1:1000 IHC~~1:50-1:100
Format	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	JUP (<u>HGNC:6207</u>)
Function	Common junctional plaque protein. The membrane-associated plaques are architectural elements in an important strategic position to influence the arrangement and function of both the cytoskeleton and the cells within the tissue. The presence of plakoglobin in both the desmosomes and in the intermediate junctions suggests that it plays a central role in the structure and function of submembranous plaques. Acts as a substrate for VE-PTP and is required by it to stimulate VE- cadherin function in endothelial cells. Can replace beta-catenin in E- cadherin/catenin adhesion complexes which are proposed to couple cadherins to the actin cytoskeleton (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cell junction, adherens junction. Cell junction, desmosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9PVF7}. Cell junction {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9PVF7}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9PVF7} Note=Cytoplasmic in a soluble and membrane-associated form. Colocalizes with DSG4 at desmosomes (PubMed:21495994)

Background

Common junctional plaque protein. The membrane- associated plaques are architectural elements in an important strategic position to influence the arrangement and function of both the cytoskeleton and the cells within the tissue. The presence of plakoglobin in both the desmosomes and in the intermediate junctions suggests that it plays a central role in the structure and function of submembranous plaques. Acts as a substrate for VE-PTP and is required by it to stimulate VE- cadherin function in endothelial cells. Can replace beta-catenin in E-cadherin/catenin adhesion complexes which are proposed to couple cadherins to the actin cytoskeleton (By similarity).

References

Franke W.W., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:4027-4031(1989). Zimbelmann R., et al. Submitted (DEC-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Whittock N.V., et al. Exp. Dermatol. 9:323-326(2000). Liang X.-J., et al. Submitted (FEB-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Zody M.C., et al. Nature 440:1045-1049(2006).

Images



Western blot analysis of lysate from MCF-7 cell line, using Catenin-y Antibody(C0138). C0138 was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35 ug.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using Catenin-γ antibody.

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