

# EFNA1 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP50678

## Product Information

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|--------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Application</b>       | WB, IF                 |
| <b>Primary Accession</b> | <a href="#">P20827</a> |
| <b>Reactivity</b>        | Human, Mouse, Rat      |
| <b>Host</b>              | Rabbit                 |
| <b>Clonality</b>         | polyclonal             |
| <b>Calculated MW</b>     | 23787                  |

## Additional Information

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|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Gene ID</b>            | 1942   |
| <b>Other Names</b>        | Ephrin-A1, EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 1, LERK-1, Immediate early response protein B61, Tumor necrosis factor alpha-induced protein 4, TNF alpha-induced protein 4, Ephrin-A1, secreted form, EFNA1, EPLG1, LERK1, TNFAIP4 |
| <b>Dilution</b>           | WB~~1:1000 IF~~1:100   |
| <b>Format</b>             | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg <sup>2+</sup> and Ca <sup>2+</sup> ), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol.   |
| <b>Storage Conditions</b> | -20°C  |

## Protein Information

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|-----------------|--|
| <b>Name</b>     | EFNA1  |
| <b>Synonyms</b> | EPLG1, LERK1, TNFAIP4  |
| <b>Function</b> | Cell surface GPI-bound ligand for Eph receptors, a family of receptor tyrosine kinases which are crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular and epithelial development. Binds promiscuously Eph receptors residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. Plays an important role in angiogenesis and tumor neovascularization. The recruitment of VAV2, VAV3 and PI3-kinase p85 subunit by phosphorylated EPHA2 is critical for EFNA1-induced RAC1 GTPase activation and vascular endothelial cell migration and assembly. Exerts anti-oncogenic effects in tumor cells through activation and down- regulation of EPHA2. Activates EPHA2 by inducing tyrosine phosphorylation which leads to its internalization and degradation. Acts as a negative regulator in the tumorigenesis of gliomas by down-regulating EPHA2 and FAK. Can evoke collapse of embryonic neuronal growth |

cone and regulates dendritic spine morphogenesis.

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor

**Tissue Location**

Brain. Down-regulated in primary glioma tissues compared to the normal tissues. The soluble monomeric form is expressed in the glioblastoma multiforme (GBM) and breast cancer cells (at protein level).

## Background

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Cell surface GPI-bound ligand for Eph receptors, a family of receptor tyrosine kinases which are crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular and epithelial development. Binds promiscuously Eph receptors residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. Plays an important role in angiogenesis and tumor neovascularization. The recruitment of VAV2, VAV3 and PI3-kinase p85 subunit by phosphorylated EPHA2 is critical for EFNA1-induced RAC1 GTPase activation and vascular endothelial cell migration and assembly. Exerts anti-oncogenic effects in tumor cells through activation and down-regulation of EPHA2. Activates EPHA2 by inducing tyrosine phosphorylation which leads to its internalization and degradation. Acts as a negative regulator in the tumorigenesis of gliomas by down-regulating EPHA2 and FAK. Can evoke collapse of embryonic neuronal growth cone and regulates dendritic spine morphogenesis.

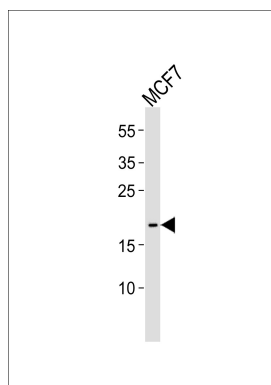
## References

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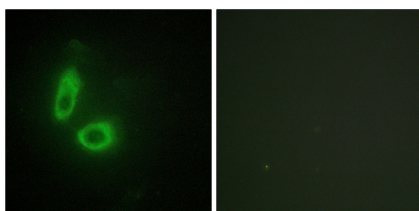
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Gregory S.G.,et al.Nature 441:315-321(2006).  
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Zhang Z.,et al.Protein Sci. 13:2819-2824(2004).

## Images

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Western blot analysis of lysate from MCF7 cell line,using EFNA1 Antibody(AP50678). AP50678 was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysate at 35ug.



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using EFNA1 antibody.