

AIBP Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP50837

Product Information

| Application | WB, IF |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| Primary Accession | <u>Q8NCW5</u> |
| Reactivity | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Clonality | polyclonal |
| Calculated MW | 31675 |

Additional Information

| Gene ID | 128240 |
|--------------------|---|
| Other Names | NAD(P)H-hydrate epimerase {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159}, Apolipoprotein A-I-binding protein {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159}, AI-BP {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159}, NAD(P)HX epimerase {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159}, YjeF N-terminal domain-containing protein 1, YjeF_N1, APOA1BP {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159} |
| Dilution | WB~~ 1:1000 IF~~1:100 |
| Format | Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide and 50% glycerol. |
| Storage Conditions | -20°C |

Protein Information

| Name | NAXE (<u>HGNC:18453</u>) |
|-------------------|--|
| Function | Catalyzes the epimerization of the S- and R-forms of NAD(P)HX, a damaged form of NAD(P)H that is a result of enzymatic or heat-dependent hydration (By similarity) (PubMed: <u>27616477</u>). This is a prerequisite for the S-specific NAD(P)H-hydrate dehydratase to allow the repair of both epimers of NAD(P)HX (By similarity). Accelerates cholesterol efflux from endothelial cells to high-density lipoprotein (HDL) and thereby regulates angiogenesis (PubMed: <u>23719382</u>). |
| Cellular Location | Mitochondrion {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159}. Secreted {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159, ECO:0000269 PubMed:11991719}. Note=In sperm, secretion gradually increases during capacitation. {ECO:0000255 HAMAP-Rule:MF_03159} |
| Tissue Location | Ubiquitously expressed, with highest levels in kidney, heart and liver. Present |

in cerebrospinal fluid and urine but not in serum from healthy patients. Present in serum of sepsis patients (at protein level).

Background

Catalyzes the epimerization of the S- and R-forms of NAD(P)HX, a damaged form of NAD(P)H that is a result of enzymatic or heat-dependent hydration. This is a prerequisite for the S- specific NAD(P)H-hydrate dehydratase to allow the repair of both epimers of NAD(P)HX (By similarity).

References

Ritter M., et al.Genomics 79:693-702(2002). Ota T., et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Gregory S.G., et al.Nature 441:315-321(2006). Burkard T.R., et al.BMC Syst. Biol. 5:17-17(2011).

Images



Western blot analysis of lysate from Hela cell line, using AIBP Antibody, was diluted at 1:1000. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.Lysate at 35ug.



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using AIBP antibody.

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