

# APLP1 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP50984

## Product Information

---

<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P51693</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	72176

## Additional Information

---

<b>Gene ID</b>	333
<b>Other Names</b>	Amyloid-like protein 1, APLP, APLP-1, C30, APLP1
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1:1000
<b>Format</b>	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## Protein Information

---

<b>Name</b>	APLP1
<b>Function</b>	May play a role in postsynaptic function. The C-terminal gamma-secretase processed fragment, ALID1, activates transcription activation through APBB1 (Fe65) binding (By similarity). Couples to JIP signal transduction through C-terminal binding. May interact with cellular G-protein signaling pathways. Can regulate neurite outgrowth through binding to components of the extracellular matrix such as heparin and collagen I.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed in the cerebral cortex where it is localized to the postsynaptic density (PSD)

## Background

---

May play a role in postsynaptic function. The C-terminal gamma-secretase processed fragment, ALID1, activates transcription activation through APBB1 (Fe65) binding (By similarity). Couples to JIP signal transduction through C-terminal binding. May interact with cellular G-protein signaling pathways. Can

regulate neurite outgrowth through binding to components of the extracellular matrix such as heparin and collagen I.

## References

---

Paliga K.,et al.Eur. J. Biochem. 250:354-363(1997).  
Lenkkeri U.,et al.Hum. Genet. 102:192-196(1998).  
Grimwood J.,et al.Nature 428:529-535(2004).  
Kim T.-W.,et al.Brain Res. Mol. Brain Res. 32:36-44(1995).  
Bush A.I.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 269:26618-26621(1994).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.