



# CHD1L Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51085

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB **Primary Accession Q86WI1** 

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Calculated MW 101000

### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 9557

**Other Names** Chromodomain-helicase-DNA-binding protein 1-like, Amplified in liver cancer

protein 1, CHD1L, ALC1

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000

**Format** 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt **Storage** 

#### **Protein Information**

Name CHD1L {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:34210977, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:1916}

**Function** ATP-dependent chromatin remodeler that mediates chromatin- remodeling

following DNA damage (PubMed: 19661379, PubMed: 29220652,

PubMed: 29220653, PubMed: 33357431, PubMed: 34210977,

PubMed:34486521, PubMed:34874266). Recruited to DNA damage sites through interaction with poly-ADP-ribose: specifically recognizes and binds histones that are poly-ADP-ribosylated on serine residues in response to DNA

damage (PubMed: 19661379, PubMed: 29220652, PubMed: 29220653,

PubMed:34486521, PubMed:34874266). Poly-ADP-ribose-binding activates the ATP-dependent chromatin remodeler activity, thereby regulating chromatin

during DNA repair (PubMed: 19661379, PubMed: 29220652,

PubMed:<u>29220653</u>, PubMed:<u>34486521</u>, PubMed:<u>34874266</u>). Catalyzes nucleosome sliding away from DNA breaks in an ATP-dependent manner (PubMed:<u>19661379</u>, PubMed:<u>29220652</u>, PubMed:<u>29220653</u>). Chromatin

remodeling activity promotes PARP2 removal from chromatin

(PubMed:33275888).

**Cellular Location** Nucleus. Chromosome Note=Localizes at sites of DNA damage; recruited by

histones H2B and H3 poly-ADP-ribosylated on 'Ser-6' and 'Ser-10', respectively

(H2BS6ADPr and H3S10ADPr) by PARP1 or PARP2.

**Tissue Location** 

Frequently overexpressed in hepatomacellular carcinomas.

## **Background**

DNA helicase which plays a role in chromatin-remodeling following DNA damage. Targeted to sites of DNA damage through interaction with poly(ADP-ribose) and functions to regulate chromatin during DNA repair. Able to catalyze nucleosome sliding in an ATP-dependent manner. Helicase activity is strongly stimulated upon poly(ADP-ribose)-binding.

#### References

Ma N.-F.,et al.Hepatology 47:503-510(2008).
Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
Bechtel S.,et al.BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007).
Gregory S.G.,et al.Nature 441:315-321(2006).
Totoki Y.,et al.Submitted (APR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

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