

CBP Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51115

Product Information

Application WB, ICC, IHC-P

Primary Accession Q92793

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW265351

Additional Information

Gene ID 1387

Other Names CREB-binding protein, CREBBP, CBP

Dilution WB~~1:1000 ICC~~N/A IHC-P~~N/A

Format 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name CREBBP (HGNC:2348)

Synonyms CBP

Function Acetylates histones, giving a specific tag for transcriptional activation

(PubMed:21131905, PubMed:24616510). Mediates acetylation of histone H3

at 'Lys-18' and 'Lys-27' (H3K18ac and H3K27ac, respectively)

(PubMed: 21131905). Also acetylates non-histone proteins, like DDX21, FBL,

IRF2, MAFG, NCOA3, POLR1E/PAF53 and FOXO1 (PubMed: 10490106,

PubMed: 11154691, PubMed: 12738767, PubMed: 12929931, PubMed: 24207024, PubMed: 28790157, PubMed: 30540930,

PubMed: 24207024, PubMed: 28790137, PubMed: 30540930,
PubMed: 35675826, PubMed: 9707565). Binds specifically to phosphorylated
CREB and enhances its transcriptional activity toward cAMP-responsive genes.
Acts as a coactivator of ALX1. Acts as a circadian transcriptional coactivator which enhances the activity of the circadian transcriptional activators:

NPAS2-BMAL1 and CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimers (PubMed: 14645221). Acetylates PCNA; acetylation promotes removal of chromatin-bound PCNA

and its degradation during nucleotide excision repair (NER)

(PubMed:<u>24939902</u>). Acetylates POLR1E/PAF53, leading to decreased association of RNA polymerase I with the rDNA promoter region and coding region (PubMed:<u>24207024</u>). Acetylates DDX21, thereby inhibiting DDX21

helicase activity (PubMed:28790157). Acetylates FBL, preventing methylation of 'Gln-105' of histone H2A (H2AQ104me) (PubMed:30540930). In addition to protein acetyltransferase, can use different acyl-CoA substrates, such as lactoyl-CoA, and is able to mediate protein lactylation (PubMed:38128537). Catalyzes lactylation of MRE11 in response to DNA damage, thereby promoting DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs) via homologous recombination (HR) (PubMed:38128537). Functions as a transcriptional coactivator for SMAD4 in the TGF-beta signaling pathway (PubMed:25514493).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Recruited to nuclear bodies by SS18L1/CREST (PubMed:15488321). In the presence of ALX1 relocalizes from the cytoplasm to the nucleus (PubMed:12929931). Relocalizes from the nucleus to the cytoplasm following UV cell damage (PubMed:15023334).

Background

Acetylates histones, giving a specific tag for transcriptional activation. Also acetylates non-histone proteins, like NCOA3 and FOXO1. Binds specifically to phosphorylated CREB and enhances its transcriptional activity toward cAMP-responsive genes. Acts as a coactivator of ALX1 in the presence of EP300.

References

Sobulo O.M.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94:8732-8737(1997). Giles R.H.,et al.Genomics 42:96-114(1997). Petrij F.,et al.Submitted (MAR-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Nakajima D.,et al.Submitted (MAR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

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