

# mGLUR4 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP51247

## Product Information

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|--------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Application</b>       | WB, ICC, IHC-P         |
| <b>Primary Accession</b> | <a href="#">Q14833</a> |
| <b>Reactivity</b>        | Human, Mouse, Rat      |
| <b>Host</b>              | Rabbit                 |
| <b>Clonality</b>         | Polyclonal             |
| <b>Calculated MW</b>     | 101868                 |

## Additional Information

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|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Gene ID</b>            | 2914  |
| <b>Other Names</b>        | Metabotropic glutamate receptor 4, mGluR4, GRM4, GPRC1D, MGLUR4   |
| <b>Target/Specificity</b> | KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human mGLUR4. The exact sequence is proprietary. |
| <b>Dilution</b>           | WB~~1:1000 ICC~~N/A IHC-P~~N/A  |
| <b>Format</b>             | 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%   |
| <b>Storage</b>            | Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt   |

## Protein Information

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|--------------------------|--|
| <b>Name</b>              | GRM4   |
| <b>Synonyms</b>          | GPRC1D, MGLUR4   |
| <b>Function</b>          | G-protein coupled receptor for glutamate. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors. Signaling inhibits adenylate cyclase activity. |
| <b>Cellular Location</b> | Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein   |
| <b>Tissue Location</b>   | Strongly expressed in the cerebellum. Expressed at low levels in hippocampus, hypothalamus and thalamus. No expression detected in liver.  |

## Background

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G-protein coupled receptor for glutamate. Ligand binding causes a conformation change that triggers signaling via guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) and modulates the activity of down-stream effectors. Signaling inhibits adenylate cyclase activity.

## References

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Makoff A.,et al.Brain Res. Mol. Brain Res. 37:239-248(1996).  
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