

Interferon gamma Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP51278

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P01579
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	19348

Additional Information

Gene ID	3458
Other Names	Interferon gamma, IFN-gamma, Immune interferon, IFNG
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human IFN gamma. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~ 1:1000
Format	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	IFNG
Function	Type II interferon produced by immune cells such as T-cells and NK cells that plays crucial roles in antimicrobial, antiviral, and antitumor responses by activating effector immune cells and enhancing antigen presentation (PubMed: 16914093 , PubMed: 8666937). Primarily signals through the JAK-STAT pathway after interaction with its receptor IFNGR1 to affect gene regulation (PubMed: 8349687). Upon IFNG binding, IFNGR1 intracellular domain opens out to allow association of downstream signaling components JAK2, JAK1 and STAT1, leading to STAT1 activation, nuclear translocation and transcription of IFNG-regulated genes. Many of the induced genes are transcription factors such as IRF1 that are able to further drive regulation of a next wave of transcription (PubMed: 16914093). Plays a role in class I antigen presentation pathway by inducing a replacement of catalytic proteasome subunits with immunoproteasome subunits (PubMed: 8666937). In turn, increases the quantity, quality, and repertoire of peptides for class I MHC loading (PubMed: 8163024). Increases the efficiency of peptide generation also by inducing the expression of activator PA28 that associates with the

proteasome and alters its proteolytic cleavage preference (PubMed:[11112687](#)). Up-regulates as well MHC II complexes on the cell surface by promoting expression of several key molecules such as cathepsins B/CTSB, H/CTSH, and L/CTSL (PubMed:[7729559](#)). Participates in the regulation of hematopoietic stem cells during development and under homeostatic conditions by affecting their development, quiescence, and differentiation (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Secreted.

Tissue Location

Released primarily from activated T lymphocytes.

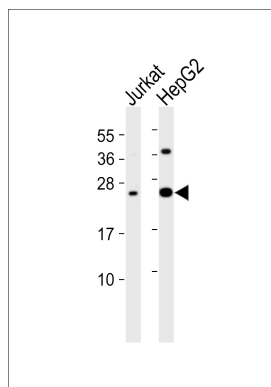
Background

Produced by lymphocytes activated by specific antigens or mitogens. IFN-gamma, in addition to having antiviral activity, has important immunoregulatory functions. It is a potent activator of macrophages, it has antiproliferative effects on transformed cells and it can potentiate the antiviral and antitumor effects of the type I interferons.

References

Gray P.W.,et al.Nature 298:859-863(1982).
Gray P.W.,et al.Nature 295:503-508(1982).
Nishi T.,et al.J. Biochem. 97:153-159(1985).
Taya Y.,et al.EMBO J. 1:953-958(1982).
Devos R.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 10:2487-2501(1982).

Images



All lanes : Anti-Interferon gamma Antibody at 1:1000 dilution
Lane 1: Jurkat whole cell lysates
Lane 2: HepG2 whole cell lysates
Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.
Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution
Predicted band size : 19 kDa
Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.