

MCM4 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP51337

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	P33991
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	96558

Additional Information

Gene ID	4173
Other Names	DNA replication licensing factor MCM4, CDC21 homolog, P1-CDC21, MCM4, CDC21
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A
Format	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	MCM4 (HGNC:6947)
Synonyms	CDC21
Function	Acts as a component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. Core component of CDC45-MCM-GINS (CMG) helicase, the molecular machine that unwinds template DNA during replication, and around which the replisome is built (PubMed: 16899510 , PubMed: 25661590 , PubMed: 32453425 , PubMed: 34694004 , PubMed: 34700328 , PubMed: 35585232 , PubMed: 9305914). The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity (PubMed: 16899510 , PubMed: 25661590 , PubMed: 32453425 , PubMed: 9305914).
Cellular Location	Nucleus. Chromosome. Note=Associated with chromatin before the formation

of nuclei and detaches from it as DNA replication progresses.

Background

Acts as component of the MCM2-7 complex (MCM complex) which is the putative replicative helicase essential for 'once per cell cycle' DNA replication initiation and elongation in eukaryotic cells. The active ATPase sites in the MCM2-7 ring are formed through the interaction surfaces of two neighboring subunits such that a critical structure of a conserved arginine finger motif is provided in trans relative to the ATP-binding site of the Walker A box of the adjacent subunit. The six ATPase active sites, however, are likely to contribute differentially to the complex helicase activity.

References

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Connelly M.A., et al. *Genomics* 47:71-83(1998).
Ladenburger E.M., et al. *Cytogenet. Cell Genet.* 77:268-270(1997).
Hu B., et al. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 21:5289-5293(1993).
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