

PDGFB Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51419

Product Information

Application WB Primary Accession P01127

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW27283

Additional Information

Gene ID 5155

Other Names Platelet-derived growth factor subunit B, PDGF subunit B, PDGF-2,

Platelet-derived growth factor B chain, Platelet-derived growth factor beta polypeptide, Proto-oncogene c-Sis, Becaplermin, PDGFB, PDGF2, SIS

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name PDGFB

Synonyms PDGF2, SIS

Function Growth factor that plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic

development, cell proliferation, cell migration, survival and chemotaxis. Potent mitogen for cells of mesenchymal origin (PubMed:26599395). Required for normal proliferation and recruitment of pericytes and vascular smooth muscle cells in the central nervous system, skin, lung, heart and placenta. Required for normal blood vessel development, and for normal development of kidney glomeruli. Plays an important role in wound healing. Signaling is modulated by the formation of heterodimers with PDGFA (By

similarity).

Cellular Location Secreted. Note=Released by platelets upon wounding

Tissue Location Expressed at high levels in the heart, brain (sustantia nigra), placenta and

fetal kidney. Expressed at moderate levels in the brain (hippocampus),

skeletal muscle, kidney and lung

Background

Growth factor that plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, cell migration, survival and chemotaxis. Potent mitogen for cells of mesenchymal origin. Required for normal proliferation and recruitment of pericytes and vascular smooth muscle cells in the central nervous system, skin, lung, heart and placenta. Required for normal blood vessel development, and for normal development of kidney glomeruli. Plays an important role in wound healing. Signaling is modulated by the formation of heterodimers with PDGFA (By similarity).

References

Josephs S.F.,et al.Science 225:636-639(1984). Collins T.,et al.Nature 316:748-750(1985). Ratner L.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 13:5007-5018(1985). Rao C.D.,et al.Cold Spring Harb. Symp. Quant. Biol. 51:959-966(1986). Rao C.D.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83:2392-2396(1986).

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