

Cyclophilin F Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP51443

Product Information

Application	WB, IP, ICC
Primary Accession	P30405
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	22040

Additional Information

Gene ID	10105
Other Names	Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase F, mitochondrial, PPIase F, Cyclophilin D, CyP-D, CypD, Cyclophilin F, Mitochondrial cyclophilin, CyP-M, Rotamase F, PPIF, CYP3
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human Cyclophilin F. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IP~~N/A ICC~~N/A
Format	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	PPIF
Synonyms	CYP3
Function	<p>PPIase that catalyzes the cis-trans isomerization of proline imidic peptide bonds in oligopeptides and may therefore assist protein folding (PubMed:20676357). Involved in regulation of the mitochondrial permeability transition pore (mPTP) (PubMed:26387735). It is proposed that its association with the mPTP is masking a binding site for inhibiting inorganic phosphate (Pi) and promotes the open probability of the mPTP leading to apoptosis or necrosis; the requirement of the PPIase activity for this function is debated (PubMed:26387735). In cooperation with mitochondrial p53/TP53 is involved in activating oxidative stress-induced necrosis (PubMed:22726440). Involved in modulation of mitochondrial membrane F(1)F(0) ATP synthase activity and regulation of mitochondrial matrix adenine nucleotide levels (By similarity). Has anti-apoptotic activity independently of mPTP and in cooperation with</p>

BCL2 inhibits cytochrome c-dependent apoptosis (PubMed:[19228691](#)).

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion matrix

Background

PPIases accelerate the folding of proteins. It catalyzes the cis-trans isomerization of proline imidic peptide bonds in oligopeptides. Involved in regulation of the mitochondrial permeability transition pore (mPTP). It is proposed that its association with the mPTP is masking a binding site for inhibiting inorganic phosphate (Pi) and promotes the open probability of the mPTP leading to apoptosis or necrosis; the requirement of the PPIase activity for this function is debated. In cooperation with mitochondrial TP53 is involved in activating oxidative stress- induced necrosis. Involved in modulation of mitochondrial membrane F(1)F(0) ATP synthase activity and regulation of mitochondrial matrix adenine nucleotide levels. Has anti-apoptotic activity independently of mPTP and in cooperation with BCL2 inhibits cytochrome c-dependent apoptosis.

References

Bergsma D.J.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 266:23204-23214(1991).
Deloukas P.,et al.Nature 429:375-381(2004).
Johnson N.,et al.Eur. J. Biochem. 263:353-359(1999).
Eliseev R.A.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 284:9692-9699(2009).
Burkard T.R.,et al.BMC Syst. Biol. 5:17-17(2011).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.