

Presenilin 1 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP51455

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P49768
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	52668

Additional Information

Gene ID	5663
Other Names	Presenilin-1, PS-1, 3423-, Protein S182, Presenilin-1 NTF subunit, Presenilin-1 CTF subunit, Presenilin-1 CTF12, PS1-CTF12, PSEN1, AD3, PS1, PSNL1
Target/Specificity	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human Presenilin 1. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000
Format	0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name	PSEN1
Synonyms	AD3, PS1, PSNL1
Function	Catalytic subunit of the gamma-secretase complex, an endoprotease complex that catalyzes the intramembrane cleavage of integral membrane proteins such as Notch receptors and APP (amyloid- beta precursor protein) (PubMed: 10206644 , PubMed: 10545183 , PubMed: 10593990 , PubMed: 10811883 , PubMed: 10899933 , PubMed: 12679784 , PubMed: 12740439 , PubMed: 15274632 , PubMed: 20460383 , PubMed: 25043039 , PubMed: 26280335 , PubMed: 28269784 , PubMed: 30598546 , PubMed: 30630874). Requires the presence of the other members of the gamma-secretase complex for protease activity (PubMed: 15274632 , PubMed: 25043039 , PubMed: 26280335 , PubMed: 30598546 , PubMed: 30630874). Plays a role in Notch and Wnt signaling cascades and regulation of downstream processes via its role in processing key regulatory proteins, and by regulating cytosolic CTNNB1 levels

(PubMed:[10593990](#), PubMed:[10811883](#), PubMed:[10899933](#), PubMed:[9738936](#)). Stimulates cell-cell adhesion via its interaction with CDH1; this stabilizes the complexes between CDH1 (E-cadherin) and its interaction partners CTNNB1 (beta-catenin), CTNND1 and JUP (gamma-catenin) (PubMed:[11953314](#)). Under conditions of apoptosis or calcium influx, cleaves CDH1 (PubMed:[11953314](#)). This promotes the disassembly of the complexes between CDH1 and CTNND1, JUP and CTNNB1, increases the pool of cytoplasmic CTNNB1, and thereby negatively regulates Wnt signaling (PubMed:[11953314](#), PubMed:[9738936](#)). Required for normal embryonic brain and skeleton development, and for normal angiogenesis (By similarity). Mediates the proteolytic cleavage of EphB2/CTF1 into EphB2/CTF2 (PubMed:[17428795](#), PubMed:[28269784](#)). The holoprotein functions as a calcium-leak channel that allows the passive movement of calcium from endoplasmic reticulum to cytosol and is therefore involved in calcium homeostasis (PubMed:[16959576](#), PubMed:[25394380](#)). Involved in the regulation of neurite outgrowth (PubMed:[15004326](#), PubMed:[20460383](#)). Is a regulator of presynaptic facilitation, spike transmission and synaptic vesicles replenishment in a process that depends on gamma-secretase activity. It acts through the control of SYT7 presynaptic expression (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic granule. Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, growth cone. Early endosome. Early endosome membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, neuron projection. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q4JIM4}. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q4JIM4}. Note=Translocates with bound NOTCH1 from the endoplasmic reticulum and/or Golgi to the cell surface (PubMed:10593990). Colocalizes with CDH1/2 at sites of cell-cell contact. Colocalizes with CTNNB1 in the endoplasmic reticulum and the proximity of the plasma membrane (PubMed:9738936). Also present in azurophil granules of neutrophils (PubMed:11987239). Colocalizes with UBQLN1 in the cell membrane and in cytoplasmic juxtanuclear structures called aggresomes (PubMed:21143716).

Tissue Location

Detected in azurophilic granules in neutrophils and in platelet cytoplasmic granules (at protein level) (PubMed:11987239) Expressed in a wide range of tissues including various regions of the brain, liver, spleen and lymph nodes (PubMed:7596406, PubMed:8574969, PubMed:8641442).

Background

Probable catalytic subunit of the gamma-secretase complex, an endoprotease complex that catalyzes the intramembrane cleavage of integral membrane proteins such as Notch receptors and APP (beta-amyloid precursor protein). Requires the other members of the gamma-secretase complex to have a protease activity. May play a role in intracellular signaling and gene expression or in linking chromatin to the nuclear membrane. Stimulates cell-cell adhesion through its association with the E-cadherin/catenin complex. Under conditions of apoptosis or calcium influx, cleaves E-cadherin promoting the disassembly of the E-cadherin/catenin complex and increasing the pool of cytoplasmic beta-catenin, thus negatively regulating Wnt signaling. May also play a role in hematopoiesis.

References

- Sherrington R., et al. Nature 375:754-760(1995).
 Sahara N., et al. FEBS Lett. 381:7-11(1996).
 Powell C.S., et al. Submitted (AUG-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
 Rowen L., et al. Submitted (NOV-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
 Kang L., et al. Submitted (SEP-2001) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

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