

SBAT1 Antibody

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP51523

Product Information

Application WB Primary Accession Q9H2|7

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW81836

Additional Information

Gene ID 55117

Other Names Sodium-dependent neutral amino acid transporter B(0)AT2, Sodium- and

chloride-dependent neurotransmitter transporter NTT73, Sodium-coupled branched-chain amino-acid transporter 1, Solute carrier family 6 member 15,

Transporter v7-3, SLC6A15, B0AT2, NTT73, SBAT1

Target/Specificity KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the

N-term region of human SBAT1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format 0.01M PBS, pH 7.2, 0.09% (W/V) Sodium azide, Glycerol 50%

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name SLC6A15 (<u>HGNC:13621</u>)

Function Functions as a sodium-dependent neutral amino acid transporter. Exhibits

preference for the branched-chain amino acids, particularly leucine, valine and isoleucine and methionine. Can also transport low-affinity substrates such as alanine, phenylalanine, glutamine and pipecolic acid. Mediates the saturable, pH-sensitive and electrogenic cotransport of proline and sodium ions with a stoichiometry of 1:1. May have a role as transporter for

neurotransmitter precursors into neurons. In contrast to other members of

the neurotransmitter transporter family, does not appear to be

chloride-dependent.

Cellular Location Membrane; Multi- pass membrane protein

Tissue Location Almost exclusively expressed in the brain.

Background

Functions as a sodium-dependent neutral amino acid transporter. Exhibits preference for the branched-chain amino acids, particularly leucine, valine and isoleucine and methionine. Mediates the saturable, pH-sensitive and electrogenic cotransport of proline and sodium ions with a stoichiometry of 1:1. May have a role as transporter for neurotransmitter precursors into neurons. In contrast to other members of the neurotransmitter transporter family, does not appear to be chloride-dependent.

References

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Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
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Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Takanaga H.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 337:892-900(2005).

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